

# ZIMBABWE SCHOOL EXAMINATIONS COUNCIL (ZIMSEC) IRBM STRATEGIC PLAN (2022-2025)

# SECTION A: Profile of the Zimbabwe School Examinations Council (ZIMSEC)

# i) Introduction

On 16 November 2020, the Government of Zimbabwe launched the National Development Strategy 1 (NDS1) which charts policies, institutional reforms and national priorities needed from 2021 to 2025.NDS1 is the second step of the Second Republic's drive to attain Vision 2030 to "achieve an upper-middle-income economy" after the foundation laid by the Transitional Stabilisation Plan (TSP).

This Integrated Results-Based Strategic Plan seeks to align the ZIMSEC vision, mission, programmes, and outcomes to the national aspirations to satisfy its stakeholder needs. It also establishes a road map of the strategic direction that ZIMSEC will focus on, during the planning period. The initiatives from this strategic plan will be assessed based on the anticipated results in terms of ZIMSEC's budget, performance contracts, annual work, and performance monitoring plans in the planning period.

In line with the NDS1, ZIMSEC developed its 2022 - 2025 Strategic Plan which included various projects and programmes that it intended to pursue as a way to contribute to the positive national development through the provision of human capital development. Human capital development is a key factor in spurring economic development across all sectors.

To ensure alignment to NDS1 and parent Ministry, the Strategic Plan was developed in line with the Ministry of Primary and Secondary Education (MoPSE) strategic vision which is " to be the leading provider of 21st century inclusive, equitable quality education for socio-economic transformation by 2030." The programmes to which ZIMSEC will align are those pertaining to primary and secondary education and learner support services. This supports the Integrated Results-Based Management System being implemented by the Government of Zimbabwe (GOZ). To this end, ZIMSEC has a vision "To be an international centre of excellence in assessment by 2030."

The strategy workshop was attended by MoPSE representatives, Council members and management.

# ii) Background

The Zimbabwe School Examinations Council (ZIMSEC) is a parastatal under the Ministry of Primary and Secondary Education created by The Zimbabwe School Examinations Act [Chapter 25:18]

It is an internationally accredited examinations board. Its syllabuses were evaluated by the National Academic Recognition and Information Centre (NARIC) in the UK and found to be equivalent to the General Certificate of Education Standard offered in the United Kingdom, Australia, New Zealand, United States of America and the other English-speaking countries, hence the internationally recognized qualifications conferred by the Council.

# iii) National Level Contribution:

# a. National Vision:

"Towards a Prosperous & Empowered Upper Middle-Income Society with Job Opportunities and a High Quality of Life for its Citizens by the year 2030"

# b. National Priorities the Agency is contributing to:

	Description of National Priority Area				
NPA 1	PA 1 Human Capital Development				
NPA 2	Youth, Sport and Culture promotion and development				

# c. National Key Result Areas the Agency is contributing to:

	Description of National Key Result Area	
NKRA 1	Innovation and knowledge-driven economy	
NKRA 2	Youth, Sport and Culture promotion and development	

# d. National Outcomes the Agency is contributing to:

	Description of National Outcome	
NOUC 1	Improved access and utilisation of advanced knowledge and technologies	
NOUC 2	Increased levels of participation in sport and recreation	
NOUC 3	Increased social cohesion, sense of national identity and pride	

# iv) Sectorial Level Contribution:

Sector Name: Education and Training

# a. Sectorial Key Results Areas

	Description of Sector Key Result Area		
SKRA 1	Innovation and knowledge-driven economy		
SKRA 2	Youth, Sport and culture promotion and development		

## b. Sectorial Outcomes

	Description of Sectoral Outcome Description			
SOUC 1	Improved access to inclusive, quality and equitable education			
SOUC 2	Increased ICT literacy			

- 1 MDA: Zimbabwe School Examinations Council (ZIMSEC)
- 2 MDA Vote Number: TBA
- 3 ZIMSEC Vision Statement:

"To be an international centre of excellence in assessment by 2030."

#### 4 ZIMSEC Mission Statement:

"To provide quality assessment of the candidates' performance and award internationally recognised certificates in the school system."

- 5 Core Values:
  - Integrity
  - Innovation
  - Accountability
  - Excellence
  - Inclusiveness

#### 6 Terms of Reference:

The terms of reference provide guidelines on ZIMSECs operations. These are: -

- a. The Zimbabwe School Examinations Act [Chapter 25:18]
- h Labour Act (Chapter 28:01)
- c. Public Entities Corporate Governance Act (Chapter 10:31)
- d. Public Procurement and Disposal of Public Assets Act Chapter 22:23
- Public Finance Management Act (Chapter 22:19)
- f Constitution Of Zimbabwe
- g. Ministry of Primary and Secondary Education 2021 to 2025 Strategic Plan
- h National Development Strategy 1

#### 7 Overall Functions:

ZIMSECs core functions are as follows:

- a. To organise and conduct examinations in subjects that form part of a course of primary or secondary education as the Minister may, in writing request.
- b. To consider and approve subjects suitable for examinations.
- c. To appoint panels or boards of examiners.
- d. To approve and register examination centres.
- e. To review the rules and regulations relating to examinations.
- f. To confer or approve the conferment of certificates, and other awards to persons who have passed examinations.
- g. To enter into arrangements, whether reciprocal or otherwise, with persons or organisations inside or outside Zimbabwe for the recognition of certificates, and other awards granted in respect of examinations organised or conducted by the Council.
- h. To do all things necessary to maintain the integrity of the system of examinations in respect of primary and secondary education in Zimbabwe.
- i. To do any other thing that the Council may be required to do by or under the Act or any other enactment.

## 8 Departments in ZIMSEC and their functions:

# The Board of Directors (Governance)

The Board is constituted and conducts its meetings regularly as scheduled. Board Committees are functioning well, and the Main Board receives comprehensive reports on the activities of the Committees as well as from Management. The Board is playing its oversight role effectively, ratifying Management decisions where appropriate, including those decisions made in conjunction with the parent ministry.

The board remains accountable for ZIMSEC's corporate governance issues and track record.

## **Directorate (Senior Management)**

Management's overarching roles of systems improvement and monitoring, risk identification, assessment, mitigation and monitoring will be exercised diligently during the four years of this strategy (2022-2025). Management makes all departments accountable so that the outcomes of ZIMSEC are achieved and at the same time track progress to ensure the successful implementation of the Strategic Plan.

#### Finance

The Finance Division's task is to mobilize, allocate and manage financial resources to ensure quality product realization and service delivery.

The division consults all departments/divisions in the process of developing the ZIMSEC budget, collects examination fees and generates additional income by investing some of the collected funds and by selling goods and services.

The Division prepares budget performance reports which are used for management decision making.

#### **Examinations Administration**

Carrying the responsibility of ensuring adherence to statutes and regulations governing the administration of examinations at Grade 7, Ordinary Level and Advanced Level, the Examinations Administration Division's specific responsibilities include:

- Registration of qualifying examination centres.
- De-registration of centres that fail to meet requirements.
- Registering candidates and distributing information and entry statistics.
- Organising the printing of question papers.
- Distribution of examination materials.
- Training of examination administrators.
- Monitoring of examination centres.
- Processing of marks.
- Processing of cases of malpractice.
- Issuing results and certificate; and
- Providing results confirmation services.

#### **Human Resources**

The Human Resources (HR) Division, at the Strategic level, is responsible for planning, directing, controlling and organising the workforce. This ranges from recruitment and selection to the design, formulation and administration of HR policies, systems and procedures.

ZIMSEC conditions of service are competitive, thereby enabling the recruitment and retention of qualified staff. ZIMSEC has also been able to support staff in their academic and professional development initiatives and to satisfactorily administer HR processes including regular payment of salaries, carrying out regular consultations with workers' representatives and the provision of transport and goods.

## Information Communication Technology, Examinations Systems Development

The ICTESD Divisions main functions can be summarised as:

- Provide a robust and secure ICT infrastructure that supports access to ICTs.
- Improve and enhance access to ICT resources.
- Maintain a secure ICT environment: ensuring confidentiality, integrity and availability of ICT systems.
- Adopt new information technologies and develop systems that help to drive and to improve business and ICT operations

## Test Design, Educational Assessment and Measurement

The TDEAM Division's mandate is to develop error-free, valid and reliable examination papers in all subjects at Grade Seven, Ordinary and Advanced levels as well as to conduct research for the organisation's improved efficiency across divisions.

#### Internal Audit

Audit provides assurance services to ensure that the organisation's system of risk management, control and governance processes, as planned and represented by management, is sufficient and functioning. Internal Audit will ensure that:

- risks are appropriately and adequately identified and managed.
- significant financial, managerial and operating information is accurate, reliable and timely.
- resources are acquired economically, used efficiently and adequately secured.
- employees' actions comply with the organisational policies, procedures, standards and applicable laws and regulations.
- programmes, plans and objectives are achieved.
- significant legislative or regulatory issues affecting the organisation are recognised and addressed properly.
- interaction with the various governance groups occurs as needed.
- quality and continuous improvement tools are cultivated into the organisation's control mechanisms.

Regularly report results and recommendations for its work to Senior Management and the Audit Committee

#### **Public Relations**

"Public relations is a strategic communication process that builds mutually beneficial relationships between organisations and their publics." It is the role of the public relations department to anticipate, analyze and interpret public opinion, attitudes and issues that might affect the Council, focusing on:

- preserving ZIMSEC's reputation, with or without a crisis at hand.
- managing the content that forms the Council's "face" to the public that creates more demand for the organization's products and services.

## Properties and Property Development

Properties and Property Development ensures sound care and upkeep of all ZIMSEC buildings, their grounds and related recreation facilities. It assists the organization with the designing, construction and development of new projects based on the overall ZIMSEC priorities. It also deals with property valuation, acquisition and property management.

The department is responsible for the following:

- Manage the maintenance of existing ZIMSEC properties and initiate relevant refurbishments of buildings where necessary.
- Ensuring that there is an adequate and safe supply of the key utilities like water and electricity.
- Ensuring that ZIMSEC properties are complemented with aesthetically pleasant grounds, roads, parking lots and resting facilities.
- Creating safety devices within the ZIMSEC properties and surrounding grounds.
- Liaising with relevant service providers or stakeholders to ensure that ZIMSEC properties are well maintained.
- Carrying out property valuations as necessary.
- Exploring alternative and appropriate methods in design and construction.
- Asset management
- Occupational health and safety in and around all ZIMSEC properties.
- Project management

#### Procurement

The Procurement Unit has the overall responsibility of coordination and implementation of the procurement processes for the Council. With the exceptions indicated in the procurement regulations and as defined by The Public Procurement and Disposal of Public Assets Act (22:23), it is the only unit with the responsibility to procure services, goods and works on behalf of the Council. More specifically, the Procurement Unit's responsibilities shall include, but are not limited to, the following:

- Planning the procurement activities of its procuring entity;
- Securing the adoption of the appropriate method of procurement;
- preparing bidding documents in compliance with provisions in or under this Act for the design of contract specifications and the evaluation criteria;
- Preparing bid notices and short-lists;
- Managing bidding processes, including pre-bid meetings, clarifications and the receipt and opening of bids;
- Managing the evaluation of bids and any post-qualification negotiations required;
- Supervising its procuring entity's evaluation committee;
- Ensuring that the committee has carried out its duties in accordance with this Act;
- Receiving evaluation reports from the committee and ensuring that they are correct and have been prepared in accordance with the guiding Act;
- Preparing evaluation reports, including contract award recommendations, where the value of the procurement is less than the prescribed threshold;
- Submitting all evaluations to its procuring entity's accounting officer, with confirmation that the procedure followed has complied with the guiding Act;
- Preparing contract documents and amendments;
- Managing procurement contracts or overseeing their management;
- Preparing such procurement reports as may be required by the Council's Director or the regulatory Authority; and
- Exercising any other function conferred or imposed on the unit by or under this Act or by the Director or Council.

## **Printing**

Printing and Business Development division is responsible for all the production, printing and packaging of exam materials, and product development, production, marketing and sales. The following are the responsibilities of the Printing and Business Development Division:

- Production, printing and packaging of all Examination materials.
- Product development, production, printing, marketing and selling of Question and Answer Booklets, among other products.
- Research and product development
- Planning and scheduling of printing works, including planning and strict adherence to maintenance schedules
- Enforcing quality at source so that the output on machines gives a quality product.
- Adherence to occupational health standards ensure safety of all employees at all times.
- Securing all exam materials and printing equipment
- Ensuring accurate packaging and dispatching of exam materials to all centres.
- Ensuring quality checks on all exam materials
- Ensuring that exam materials are packaged and that all boxes with exam materials are sealed with temper proof seals.
- Production, printing and packaging of all special needs exam materials.
- Planning, resourcing and managing production, printing, packaging and business development operations.

9 State Enterprises and Parastatals, Statutory Bodies and Grant Aided Institutions under the MDA and their functions.

N/A

# 10 ZIMSEC PROGRAMMES

Programme	Programme Description	weight	SKRA REF	NKRA REF	NPA REF
Ref					
1	Governance and Administration	30%	1	1,2	1,2
2	Candidate Assessment	50%	1,2	1,2	1,2
3	Candidate Support Services	20%	1,2	1,2	1,2

# 11 Environmental Scan

# 11 a. PESTLEG Analysis

FACTOR	TRENDS AND ASSUMPTIONS
Political	Education Act demonstrates political will for free education.      Issues arising from NDS 1 and other SADC or AU propouncements impacting on assessment.
Economic	<ul> <li>Issues arising from NDS 1 and other SADC or AU pronouncements impacting on assessment.</li> <li>Disruption in the supply chain paper, parts.</li> <li>Delayed supply of printing and other equipment affected by Covid-19.</li> <li>African Continental Free Trade Area opportunity in security printing to serve Africa.</li> </ul>
Social	<ul> <li>16 National Language recognition.</li> <li>Appreciation of gender equality and the education of the girl child.</li> <li>Social protection leading to demands which may not be supported from an assessment perspective.</li> </ul>
Technology	<ul> <li>Climate change negatively affecting paper production and distribution.</li> <li>The use of Artificial Intelligence technology increasing.</li> </ul>
Ecological	<ul> <li>A greater push for use of renewable energy.</li> <li>Electricity cuts affecting production.</li> </ul>
Legal	<ul> <li>Transactional tax impact on costs.</li> <li>ZIMSEC Act limitations.</li> <li>PFMA limitations.</li> <li>Judicial interpretation on Council's obligations and execution particularly of Administrative Justice</li> </ul>
Governance	Adherence to Public Entities Corporate Governance Act requirements.

# 11 b. SWOT Analysis

STRENGTHS		WE	AKNESSES
1. Affordable	exam fees.	1.	Limited revenue streams.
2. Membershi	p to international associations.	2.	Inadequate and inappropriate workspace and welfare support.
3. Capable and	d committed human resource.	3.	Inadequate skills to support strategy implementation in certain
4. Internation	ally recognised and credible qualifications.		areas.
5. In-house pr	inting press – secure and economic.	4.	Policies are not fully updated.
6. National rep	presentation in Regional Offices/Cluster Centres.	5.	Perceived low remuneration.
7. Transport lo	ogistics to support examinations.	6.	Lack of flexibility in the use of resources.
8. Home-grow	n ICT systems supporting critical path.	7.	No security of tenure for Head Office.
9. Sound Med	ia and Stakeholder engagement.	8.	Lack of financial capacity to fund capital projects.
10. Ability to ac	lapt to change through ICT.		
11. Enabling Ac	t.		
12. Good worki	ng relationship with the MoPSE.		
OPPORTUNITIES		THI	REATS
1. Reviewed E	ducation Act drives towards free education.	1.	Drop-in entry into examinations
·	relatively young	2.	Drop in formal employment levels.
	n of gender equality: few will question education of	3.	Language recognition drives resulting in Question Paper
the girl chil	d.		production below efficiency levels.
	promoting equity in far-flung locations where public	4.	Religious dogma impacting candidate numbers.
	predominant	5.	Multicurrency usage and operational restrictions on public entities/
5. Acceptance	of cooperation between Mozambican Schools and		currency instability.
ZIMSEC.		6.	Unemployment levels.
·	n with partners such as UNESCO and UNICEF.	7.	Inflationary trends.
· ·	of examinations in South Africa.	8.	Increase in popularity of private schools offering alternative
	al re-engagement.		examination boards.
	urriculum impacted ZIMSEC positively through	9.	Cambridge.
_	ssessment span.	10.	Emergent competitors responding to customers' needs or taking
10. Paperless 6			advantage of loopholes to entry barriers.
11. Use of dror	es.		Climate change impact on paper production and distribution
12. Use of Al.			Power outages threat to examinations.
13. Use of Rene	ewable clean energy	13.	Climate change impact on paper production and distribution.

# 12 MDA Programmes and Outcomes:

Prog.	Programme Name	Programme	Weight	Responsible	Contributing MDAs/	Type of	Sector	National	SDG
Ref		Outcome/s		Department	Other Partners	Contribution	Outcome	Outcome	Ref
							Ref.	Ref	
1	Governance and	1. Improved	30%	Finance, PMU,	MoPSE, PSC, PRAZ	1. Policy	1,2	1	4
	Administration	Organisational		Properties, HR	, MoFED , Auditor	2. Financial			
		Performance		ICTESD, Research,	General , OPC	3. Technical			
				Legal, PMU, Public					
				Relations,					
				Directorate.					
2	Candidate	2.Improved	50%	Test Design,	MoPSE, ZRP,	1. Policy	1,2	1	4
	Assessment	Quality		Evaluation,	MoPSE, OPC	2. Financial			
		Assessment		Assessment and	,MoHTESTD	3. Technical			
				Measurement		4. Security			
				(TDEAM), Printing					
				Press					
3	Candidate Support	3. Increased	20%	Exams Admin	MoPSE, MoHTESTD	1. Policy	1,2	1	4
	Services	Client		Regulations office,		2. Financial			
		Satisfaction		Legal, Test Design,		3. Technical			
				Evaluation,					
				Assessment and					
				Measurement					
				(TDEAM), ICTESD,					
				Public Relations,					

# 13 Policies Applicable for the MDA:

	External Policy	Programme	Internal Policy	Programme
		Ref		Ref
1.	ZIMSEC ACT Chapter 25:18)	1,2,3	Examinations Systems Manual	1,2,3
			Transport	
2.	Labour Act (Chapter 28:01)	1,2,3	Employee Code of Conduct	1,2,3
3.	Public Entities Corporate Governance Act	1,2,3	Board Charter	1,2,3
	(Chapter 10:31)		Code of Ethics	
			Risk Management	
			Audit Charter	
4.	Public Procurement and Disposal of Public	1,2,3	Disposal Assets	1,2,3
	Assets Act Chapter 22:23			
5.	Public Finance Management Act (Chapter	1,2,3	Accounting Procedure Manual	1,2,3
	22:19)		Investment Policy	
6.	Constitution Of Zimbabwe	1,2,3		1,2,3
7.	Ministry of Primary and Secondary Education		Strategic Plan	1,2,3
	2021 to 2025 Strategic Plan			
8.	National Development Strategy 1		Strategic Plan	1,2,3

# 14 CLIENT NEEDS/PROBLEMS ANALYSIS:

	Direct Clients	Needs/Problems	Extent (Magnitude/seriousness)
1.	Candidates	Error-free documentation.	100% of the time
		Conducive examination writing facilities	
		Easily accessible examination centres.	
		Efficient examination programming	
		Flexibility in subjects offered to candidates	
		Efficient grievance handling.	
		Responsive turnaround times.	
		• Results	
2.	Parents / Guardians	Affordable examination fees for children	100% of the time
		Certification and replacement timeously of all documentation.	
		Affordability of replacement documentation	
		Quality examinations.	
		Strong safety net to assist disadvantaged candidates.	
3.	Centres	Question Papers and related materials delivered on time and in adequate	100% of the time
		quantities.	
		Constant communication.	
		Efficient support services (registration, disqualification etc).	
		Shorter distances between cluster centres and centres.	
		ZIMSEC provide outlets from which schools can purchase certain	
		examination requirements. (e.g., science kits)	
4.	Ministries of Education	Policy implementation.	100% compliance as directed
	(MoPSE, MoHTESTD)	Feedback to inform policy review or development.	
5.	Government Ministries	Timeous confirmation of results.	100% of the time
	- 1	Reliability, credibility and quality assurance.	
6.	Employers	Assistance in recruitment from an assessment perspective	1000( 51) 1:
7.	Public	Assurance of system integrity	100% of the time
		Acceptance of ZIMSEC certificate internationally.	

## 15 STAKEHOLDERS ANALYSIS

Direct Stakeholders	Demands/ Expectations	Extent (Magnitude/seriousness)
1. Ministries of Education	Efficient service delivery to clients	100% of the time
(MoPSE)	Accountability and efficiency in the use of resources.	
	Communication which is clear and constant.	
2. Board	Efficient service delivery to clients	100% of the time
	Accountability and efficiency in the use of resources	
	Reputational integrity	
	Resource efficiency and stability	
	Communication which is clear and constant.	
	Board development and growth	
3. Examiners	Higher remuneration	100% of the time
	Negotiation of their own salaries using the ZIMSEC platform	
	Conducive working environment.	
	Capacity building and growth	
	Communication which is clear and constant.	
4. Teachers Unions	Greater remuneration for examiners	100% of the time
	Consideration of invigilator fees.	
	Conflicting interest in lower fees	
	Engagement	
	Communication which is clear and constant.	
5. Staff	Higher salaries	Regularly.
	Non-monetary benefits	
	Public appreciation/ prestige	
	Staff development and growth.	
	Communication which is clear and constant.	
6. Media	Accountability	All the time
	Timeous communication of critical developments	
	Accessibility.	
7. International community/	Release of valid and reliable results for intakes.	100% of the time
Universities	Timeous responses.	
	Communication which is clear and constant.	
8. Politicians	Quality service delivery in their constituency's examination centres.	100% of the time
	Access to examinations through affordable examination fees levels.	
	Every school is accredited thereby reducing travelling distances.	
	Free examination fees.	
	Free education fees.	
	Inclusion of marginalised communities.	

	Timeous activation of social safety nets.	
	Communication which is clear and constant.	
9. School Responsible	Communication	100% of the time
Authorities	Fairness in the application of registrations	
10. Civic Groups representing	Inclusion of special needs in examinations.	100% of the time
learners with disabilities		

## **16 Service Delivery Standards**

Client Satisfaction Index - A customer satisfaction survey driven by Public Relations will be utilised to establish: \*also measured under Outcome 1

Speed of service- Time taken to attend to customers.

Quality of service- The nature of service given to customers.

Accessibility- Is our service readily available.

Courtesy- Politeness in terms of attending to customers.

Information on service- availability of information in terms of the services the organisation provides.

Signage - Measured by the actual branding vs. plan.

# **Service Delivery Innovations**

This is measured by the number of service delivery innovations implemented.

# **Resolution of Public Complaints**

This is measured by the percentage of public complaints that are resolved within the defined timelines.

## **Management of Resources and Organizational Development**

## **Financial Management**

## Strategic Allocation of Resources in Line with Policy Priorities.

This is the allocation of resources against budget and priorities.

## Value For Money (Effectiveness, Efficiency and Economy).

This is effectiveness, efficiency, and economy), this is measured through value for money audits rating.

## **Managing Within the Budget**

This is compliance with the budget, as measured by variance to budget

## Mobilization of Alternative Resources (Outside Treasury, E.G. Ppps).

This is measured by resources mobilised outside of treasury as a percentage of total resources.

## **Organizational Capacity**

## **Implementation of Corporate Governance Framework**

This is the actual Implementation of corporate governance for SEP against the plan. \*Also measured under Outcome 1

## Skills Development (Training and Capacity Building).

This will be measured by percentage adherence to the organisational training and development calendar/plan

## Internal Process Efficiency Measures e.g. ISO Certification.

This is measured by progress to the attainment of ISO Certification

## E-Government Flagships (It Infrastructure and Operating Systems).

This is measured by the percentage network uptime.

## **Employee Satisfaction Index**

Will be measured by the rating from the Employee Satisfaction Survey that will also cover the following: \*also measured under Outcome 1 Work environment- Is our work environment conducive for high productivity.

Rewards and recognition- Recognition of employees.

Safety measures- Health Safety and Environment Issues.

## Research, Development, and Innovation

Research and development in terms of service delivery. This is measured by internally completed research activities. \*Also measured under Outcome 1

## **Statutory Obligations**

These are provided by statute and legislation (NSSA, ZIMRA etc.).

## **Maintenance of Buildings**

This involves the upkeep of buildings. This is measured by percentage adherence to the maintenance plan for properties. \*Also measured under Outcome 1

## **Disposal of Idle Assets**

This refers to auctions regarding idle assets. This is measured by the percentage of adherence to the Public Procurement and Disposal of Assets Act

## **D. CROSS-CUTTING ISSUES**

## **Promotion of Integrity/Corruption Eradication**

Promotion of integrity/ corruption eradication- Elimination of corruption, measured by the percentage of reported corruption cases dealt with.

## **Promotion of Wellness Programmes**

Measured by % implementation of wellness program/plan

## **Inclusive Programming**

Measured by % achievement on inclusivity plans. (Staff gender ratio etc.)

#### **Promotion of a Clean Environment**

Measured by % implementation of environmental clean-up activities

# 17. STRATEGIES, ASSUMPTIONS, RISKS AND MITIGATIONS

Strategies: Game plan to achieve the targets

Assumptions: Positive factors that can assist in the achievement of the targets

Risks: Factors that militate against the achievement of results

Mitigation: Interventions to reduce the gravity or intensity of the damage

Period	Strategies	Assumptions	Risks	Mitigations
Programme 1:	Governance and Administration			
Outcome 1:lm	proved Organisational Performance			
Budget Year (2022)	Understand compliance requirements.	<ul><li>Documented policies.</li><li>Knowledge of legislative domain.</li></ul>	Delayed knowledge and communication of changes to the known domain.	Constant review of legislative updates/policy domain.
	Classify requirements into focus areas.	All critical requirements are documented and known.	Omission of critical considerations from focus areas.	<ul> <li>Cross-checking of focus areas against the framework.</li> </ul>
	Identify owners for implementation.	<ul> <li>Competent staff.</li> <li>Appreciation of the purpose of the compliance emphasis by Council.</li> </ul>	<ul><li>Resistance to change.</li><li>Lack of knowledge /training</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Appropriate         responsibilities assigned         to owners across the         business and geographies.</li> <li>Training/ upskilling.</li> </ul>
	Evaluate Risk Levels.	<ul> <li>Risk assessment is done.</li> <li>A gap analysis was conducted.</li> </ul>	Emphasis on insignificant risks.	<ul> <li>Business impact analysis.</li> <li>Root cause analysis.</li> <li>Probability or frequency of occurrence analysis.</li> <li>Analysis of risk mitigation options available.</li> </ul>
	Create a compliance programme.	The current and aspired state of compliance is known.	Lack of financial or technological resources to implement the programme.	•
	Monitor/ track compliance programme.	•	Lack of awareness of what is missing in the programme and how important those elements are	<ul> <li>Measurement of the regulatory requirements against the controls, including systems and technology, in place</li> <li>Assessment of areas that need the most compliance attention and resources</li> </ul>

Period	Strategies	Assumptions	Risks	Mitigations
Programme 1:	Governance and Administration	<u> </u>		,
Outcome 1:lm	proved Organisational Performance			
	Establish a control environment featuring a set of standards, structures, processes and policies.  A. Update existing policies for all sections(Human Resources, Finance, Security)  B. Identify policy gaps and introduce new policies.  C. Introduce standard operating procedures.  Train staff on risk management	<ul> <li>Clarity on the type of control environment that supports both Council's business goals and ethics.</li> <li>Skills needed to design, implement and operate a healthy internal control environment. (Can harness skills from experienced auditors and other professionals)</li> <li>Reinforcement of employees' drive to ethical excellence through appropriate incentives and rewards</li> <li>A strong internal control plan supported by strong resources such as a strong auditing team to help with internal auditing preparedness</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>People with assigned internal control responsibilities do not have sufficient knowledge, experience, skills, or time to adequately fulfil those responsibilities.</li> <li>Lack of an effective "tone at the top".</li> <li>Lack of focus or accountability by staff for the achievement of assigned internal control objectives.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Coaching and provision of on-the-job training on risk management and internal control.</li> <li>"hands-on" approach in the operation of controls, effective whistle-blowing procedures, and appropriate follow-up on control weaknesses or failures.</li> <li>Management to lead by example</li> <li>Establish a link between the achievement of the organisation's internal control objectives and individual performance objectives.</li> </ul>
	Perform risk-mitigating activities.	•	<ul> <li>Risks not maintained within limits for risk-taking.</li> <li>Controls not designed, implemented, and applied as a response to specific risks, causes and consequences.</li> <li>The balance between risks and related controls continually changing.</li> <li>External developments may affect risk.</li> <li>Too little attention on internal control</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Mandate that all strategic and operational decision making be supported by risk management and the subsequent implementation of appropriate controls.</li> <li>For each business cycle, when the strategy is revisited the related risk and control policies should also be reassessed.</li> <li>Review internal controls.</li> <li>The design, plan, execution, and monitoring of internal controls must be properly</li> </ul>

Period	Strategies	Assumptions	Risks	Mitigations
Programme 1:	Governance and Administration			
Outcome 1:lm	proved Organisational Performance			
			Too stringent control requirements can paralyse the organisation	balanced with the effort to plan, execute, and monitor the organizational business plan.
	Develop and introduce an internal communication framework.	•	Internal control principles are not fully understood and incorrectly applied.	<ul> <li>Use of plain language in documenting controls.</li> <li>Integrate controls through formal and informal channels into the elements of the management system in which they are intended to operate.</li> </ul>
	Conduct evaluations and internal audits.	•	Controls not being cost- effective	<ul> <li>Embedding controls into the normal course of business (more "built-in" and less "add-on" controls).</li> <li>Test and optimize controls.</li> </ul>
			<ul> <li>Poorly designed or implemented controls.</li> </ul>	
	Project financial commitments for a period to determine excess funds for the same period.	Revenue will be generated as budgeted for and candidates pay within the stipulated deadlines	Unstable money     market rates due to the     unfavourable economic     environment	Invest for short periods for example 7 days, 14days, 21days or 30 days
	Invest funds on the money market.	<ul> <li>Conducive operating environment resulting in favourable interest rates</li> <li>Approved institutions can raise the preferred security for the Investments and appetite to receive our funds.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Hyperinflation.</li> <li>Lack of capacity and appetite for our funds.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>All investments to be secured.</li> <li>Consider alternative security for our investments.</li> </ul>
	Timeously reinvest surplus funds on the maturity of the investment.	Readily available financial commitments on the maturity of funds.	Unavailability of financial commitments.	Gathering financial commitments, a week before the maturity of investments.

Period	Strategies	Assumptions	Risks	Mitigations
Programme 1:	Governance and Administration			
Outcome 1:lm	proved Organisational Performance			
	Charge premium fees for goods & services offered within 48hours or shorter.	Demand for Council's goods and services	Machine downtime	<ul> <li>Buy new machines to augment the main printing line</li> </ul>
	Accredit foreign examination centres.	<ul><li>Sound bilateral relations</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Covid 19 pandemic</li> <li>Lack of demand for ZIMSEC examinations outside Zimbabwe</li> </ul>	Upskill staff on machine repairs and service
	Introduce and aggressively market the new Question and Answer booklets.	<ul> <li>Availability of the printing press to meet own targets for Question Paper Printing</li> </ul>	Lack of resources	Introduce online     marketing strategies
	Engage colleges, universities, regional examination boards etc. for printing services using the Norton printing press during non-peak periods.	<ul> <li>Availability of resources to fund the initiatives including forex for spares parts and contractual obligations for the supplier</li> <li>Appetite from the regional examination boards and local universities for our services</li> </ul>	Lack of appetite for our services	<ul> <li>Offer competitive rates for our services</li> <li>Offer discounts for the first engagements</li> </ul>
	Produce and sell examination stationery and chemicals for science practical to centres.	• In house capacity to produce the stationery and chemicals	Lack of capacity and resources	Outsource for resale to centres
	Establish extraterritorial examination centres.	<ul><li>Regional demand for our products</li><li>Sound bilateral relations</li></ul>	<ul><li>Covid 19 pandemic</li><li>Lack of resources.</li></ul>	Cover preliminary requirements online.
	Ensure expenditure incurred is budgeted for.	<ul><li>Favourable operating environment</li><li>Availability of Funds</li></ul>	Inflation rate fluctuation	Buy in bulk
	Buy in bulk to benefit from economies of scale.	<ul><li>Availability of Funds</li><li>Negotiate and lock prices with suppliers</li></ul>	Inadequate storage capacity	Outsource storage facilities
	Negotiate favourable prices from suppliers.	Willingness from suppliers to accept negotiated prices	<ul> <li>Receiving sub-standard goods and services</li> <li>Unwillingness from suppliers to negotiate prices</li> </ul>	Ensure goods received under negotiated prices meet the required standards

Period	Strategies	Assumptions	Risks	Mitigations
Programme 1:	Governance and Administration			
Outcome 1:lm	proved Organisational Performance			
	Negotiate a paying period with suppliers for example 30day period or 3 months.	<ul> <li>The flexibility of payment terms from the supplier</li> <li>Conducive operating environment</li> </ul>	Inflationary pressures	Adjust the payment periods in line with prevailing inflation
	Regularly assess the status of all Council buildings	Availability of resources	Inadequate resources	Use of regional office to submit regular reports on the status of the buildings
	Maintain and repair the buildings	Availability of resources	<ul> <li>Lack of in-house capacity to maintain and repair the buildings</li> <li>Inadequate resources</li> </ul>	Outsource the repair and maintenance of buildings
	Renovate, construct/purchase new buildings	Availability of resources	<ul><li>Inadequate resources</li><li>Inflation</li></ul>	Stagger the projects
	Have warehouses at all regional offices and printing press building	Availability of resources	<ul><li>Inadequate resources</li><li>Inflation</li></ul>	Stagger the projects
	Replace obsolete and redundant furniture & equipment	Financial resources are available	Lack of resources	Staggering the purchase of furniture & equipment
	Replacement plan for furniture and equipment.	<ul><li>Knowledge of what is required</li><li>Updated asset register</li></ul>	Lack of adequate information	Quarterly updates on the status of furniture and equipment
	Conduct an employee engagement survey	Improved morale     Improved communication	Availability of project funding	<ul> <li>Increase revenue through the selling of '0' and 'A' level study books.</li> <li>Review of Candidate fees</li> </ul>
	Develop a robust Talent Management pipeline  Implement flexible working hours  Transform working conditions (Zoom) to reduce face to face interaction.  Implement new structure in line with strategic plan 2022-2025	<ul> <li>Competent staff</li> <li>Stable working business environment</li> <li>Improved staff capability</li> <li>Adaptability to technological innovation.</li> <li>Policy appreciation consistency</li> <li>Improved teamwork</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Lack of appreciation of online working and technological tools</li> <li>Lack of funding</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Ensure timely and adequate funding.</li> <li>Initiate recruitment process to fill critical mission skills</li> <li>Develop staff skills internally and externally</li> <li>Coaching and mentorship</li> </ul>

Period	Strategies	Assumptions	Risks	Mitigations
Programme 1:	Governance and Administration			
Outcome 1:lm	proved Organisational Performance			
	Implement holistic drive of recruitment and selection initiatives	<ul><li>Reduced skills gap</li><li>Right calibre in the right place</li><li>Reduce staff turnover</li></ul>	The long turnaround time to recruit.	The reduced turnaround time to recruit
	Implement Change Management  Clarify roles and responsibilities of Executive Team in driving strategic change  Organise team-building initiatives for the executive team to agree on role clarity	Adoption of the Zimsec strategic plan 2022-2025	<ul> <li>COVID 19 environment at the workplace creation of a new normal</li> <li>Delays in implementation of the project under new normal due to poor resource mobilization</li> </ul>	Embrace digital transformation ( Zimsec to go Virtual)
	Produce internal communique	Constant Information flow from all divisions	Insufficient human resource persons	Appoint a point person responsible for information compilation from each division
	Resume 'Examining the Examiner' newspaper column	Adequate financial resources	Delay to approve and resistance to publish	Create an editorial team responsible for the content and editing
	Produce 'The Assessor' Bulletin for external stakeholders	<ul> <li>Information on goals and strategies (newsworthy) received from all departments</li> </ul>	Lack of financial support/ resources	Replace out of date     activity on budget with     the Bulletin
	Produce Quarterly Key Performance Indicator Reports	KPI's measured per quarter departmentally.     Achievements, setbacks and failures communicated	Appraisals are not monitored and done on time.	Clear communication to all staff on organisational goals and the importance of performance records
	Conduct Stakeholder Engagements	Create a calendar of activities and set dates of engagement with relevant stakeholders	Availability of all relevant parties	Set calendar dates in advance for all members to diarise
	Produce End of Activity reports e.g., examinations/ marking (Share the journey)	Reports are written by activity monitors/participants to be filed and compiled.	Report writing by participants of activities	Directorate to insist on reports from those who go out on monitoring and leaders of participants.

Period	Strategies	Assumptions	Risks	Mitigations
Programme 1	: Governance and Administration			
Outcome 1:In	nproved Organisational Performance			
	Convene Bi-Annual Internal Stakeholder Engagements (round table communication between the directorate and staff)	Adequate financial and human resources availed to facilitate the meeting	Lack of agreement on a set time for all employees to be availed	All Directorate to participate in engagements
	Hold a Trust Building Workshop	Adequate financial resources	Time to gather all staff	Create teams comprising of members from different grades and departments so that business is not stopped.
	Conduct an educational tour for the Media	Activities that will allow for the education of the media on what we do	Disapproval from hosting department	Invite the media for a luncheon and briefing where they can ask questions after being briefed
	Conduct 3 action research per year	Availability of resources	Uncertainty of the current environment due to the Covid 19 Pandemic	Adopt the virtual approach and online approach in research
	Generate revenue for the council	Availability of qualified and capable human capital in Research	High staff turnover	Capacitation and motivation of staff
	Conduct collaborative research with other institutions	Availability of resources	Bureaucracy challenges	<ul> <li>Improved communication structures amongst organisations</li> </ul>
Year 2023	Monitor/ track compliance programme.	Availability of resources to support monitoring activities	Lack of awareness of what is missing in the programme and how important those elements are	<ul> <li>Measurement of the regulatory requirements against the controls, including systems and technology, in place</li> <li>Assessment of areas that need the most compliance attention and resources</li> </ul>
	Establish a control environment featuring a set of standards, structures, processes and policies.  A. Update required policies	Clarity on the type of control environment that supports both Council's business goals and ethics.	People with assigned internal control responsibilities do not have sufficient knowledge, experience,	<ul> <li>Coaching and provision of on-the-job training on risk management and internal control.</li> </ul>

Period	Strategies	Assumptions	Risks	Mitigations
Programme 1:	Governance and Administration			
Outcome 1:lm	proved Organisational Performance			
	B. Identify policy gaps and introduce new policies.  C. Introduce standard operating procedures.  Train staff on risk management	<ul> <li>Skills needed to design, implement and operate a healthy internal control environment. (Can harness skills from experienced auditors and other professionals)</li> <li>Reinforcement of employees' drive to ethical excellence through appropriate incentives and rewards</li> <li>A strong internal control plan supported by strong resources such as a strong auditing team to help with internal auditing preparedness</li> </ul>	skills, or time to adequately fulfil those responsibilities.  Lack of an effective "tone at the top".  Lack of focus or accountability by staff for the achievement of assigned internal control objectives.	<ul> <li>"hands-on" approach in the operation of controls, effective whistle-blowing procedures, and appropriate follow-up on control weaknesses or failures.</li> <li>Management to lead by example</li> <li>Establish a link between the achievement of the organization's internal control objectives and individual performance objectives.</li> </ul>
	Conduct risk assessments.	<ul> <li>All Council Staff Members are trained in Enterprise Risk Management</li> <li>Resources are available to engage a Risk Management Training Consultant</li> <li>Staff will be able work under the COVID 19 affected environment.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Risks not maintained within limits for risk-taking.</li> <li>Controls not designed, implemented, and applied as a response to specific risks, causes and consequences.</li> <li>The balance between risks and related controls continually changing.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Mandate that all strategic and operational decision making be supported by risk management and the subsequent implementation of appropriate controls.</li> <li>For each business cycle, when the strategy is revisited the related risk and control policies should also be reassessed.</li> </ul>
	Perform risk-mitigating activities.	<ul> <li>COVID 19 restrictions will accommodate normal work and staff movements</li> <li>Resources will be available to support implementing of controls that mitigate against risks.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>External developments may affect risk.</li> <li>Too little attention on internal control</li> <li>Too stringent control requirements can paralyse the organisation</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Review internal controls.</li> <li>The design, plan, execution, and monitoring of internal control must be properly balanced with the effort to plan, execute, and monitor the</li> </ul>

Period	Strategies	Assumptions	Risks	Mitigations
Programme 1:	Governance and Administration			
Outcome 1:lm	proved Organisational Performance			
				organizational business plan.
	Implement an internal communication framework.	Resources are available to acquire the needed technology and facilitate access to target audience	Internal control     principles are not fully     understood and     incorrectly applied.	<ul> <li>Use of plain language in documenting controls.</li> <li>Integrate controls through formal and informal channels into the elements of the management system in which they are intended to operate.</li> </ul>
	Conduct evaluations and internal audits.	<ul> <li>Resources are available to support the implementation of the audit plan</li> <li>COVID 19 restrictions will accommodate audit assignments</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Controls not being costeffective.</li> <li>Poorly designed or implemented controls.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Embedding controls into the normal course of business (more "built-in" and less "add-on" controls).</li> <li>Test and optimize controls.</li> </ul>
	Project financial commitments for a period to determine excess funds for the same period.	Revenue will be generated as budgeted for and candidates pay within the stipulated deadlines	Unstable money     market rates due to the     unfavourable economic     environment	Invest for short periods for example 7 days, 14days, 21days or 30 days
	Invest funds on the money market.	<ul> <li>Conducive operating environment resulting in favourable interest rates</li> <li>Approved institutions can raise the preferred security for the Investments and appetite to receive our funds.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Hyperinflation.</li> <li>Lack of capacity and appetite for our funds.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>All investments to be secured.</li> <li>Consider alternative security for our investments.</li> </ul>
	Timeously reinvest surplus funds on the maturity of the investment.	Readily available financial commitments on the maturity of funds.	Unavailability of financial commitments.	Gathering financial commitments, a week before the maturity of investments.
	Charge premium fees for goods & services offered within 48hours or shorter.	Demand for Council's goods and services	Machine downtime	Buy new machines to augment the main printing line
	Accredit foreign examination centres.	<ul><li>Sound bilateral relations</li></ul>	Covid 19 pandemic	Upskill staff on machine repairs and service

Period	Strategies	Assumptions	Risks	Mitigations
	Governance and Administration			
Outcome 1:lm	proved Organisational Performance			
			<ul> <li>Lack of demand for ZIMSEC examinations outside Zimbabwe</li> </ul>	
	Introduce and aggressively market the new Question and Answer booklets.	Availability of the printing press to meet own targets for Question Paper Printing	Lack of resources	Introduce online marketing strategies
	Engage colleges, universities, regional examination boards etc. for printing services using the Norton printing press during non-peak periods.	<ul> <li>Availability of resources to fund the initiatives including forex for spares parts and contractual obligations for the supplier</li> <li>Appetite from the regional examination boards and local universities for our services</li> </ul>	Lack of appetite for our services	<ul> <li>Offer competitive rates for our services</li> <li>Offer discounts for the first engagements</li> </ul>
	Produce and sell examination stationery and chemicals for science practical to centres.	In house capacity to produce the stationery and chemicals	Lack of capacity and resources	Outsource for resale to centres
	Establish extraterritorial examination centres.	<ul><li>Regional demand for our products</li><li>Sound bilateral relations</li></ul>	<ul><li>Covid 19 pandemic</li><li>Lack of resources.</li></ul>	Cover preliminary requirements online.
	Ensure expenditure incurred is budgeted for.	<ul><li>Favourable operating environment</li><li>Availability of Funds</li></ul>	Inflation rate fluctuation	Buy in bulk
	Buy in bulk to benefit from economies of scale.	<ul><li>Availability of Funds</li><li>Negotiate and lock prices with suppliers</li></ul>	Inadequate storage capacity	Outsource storage facilities
	Negotiate favourable prices from suppliers.	Willingness from suppliers to accept negotiated prices	<ul> <li>Receiving sub-standard goods and services</li> <li>Unwillingness from suppliers to negotiate prices</li> </ul>	Ensure goods received under negotiated prices meet the required standards
	Negotiate a paying period with suppliers for example 30day period or 3 months.	<ul> <li>The flexibility of payment terms from the supplier</li> <li>Conducive operating environment</li> </ul>	Inflationary pressures	Adjust the payment periods in line with prevailing inflation
	Regularly assess the status of all Council buildings	Availability of resources	Inadequate resources	Use of regional office to submit regular reports on

Period	Strategies	Assumptions	Risks	Mitigations
Programme 1:	Governance and Administration			
Outcome 1:lm	proved Organisational Performance			
				the status of the buildings
	Maintain and repair the buildings	Availability of resources	<ul> <li>Lack of in-house capacity to maintain and repair the buildings</li> <li>Inadequate resources</li> </ul>	Outsource the repair and maintenance of buildings
	Renovate, construct/purchase new buildings	Availability of resources	<ul><li>Inadequate resources</li><li>Inflation</li></ul>	Stagger the projects
	Have warehouses at all regional offices and printing press building	Availability of resources	<ul><li>Inadequate resources</li><li>Inflation</li></ul>	Stagger the projects
	Replace obsolete and redundant furniture & equipment	Financial resources are available	Lack of resources	Staggering the purchase of furniture & equipment
	Replacement plan for furniture and equipment.	<ul><li>Knowledge of what is required</li><li>Updated asset register</li></ul>	Lack of adequate information	Quarterly updates on the status of furniture and equipment
	Conduct an employee engagement survey	<ul><li>Improved Morale</li><li>Improved communication</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Availability of project Funding</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Increase revenue through the selling of '0' and 'A' level study books.</li> <li>Review of Candidate fees</li> </ul>
	Develop a robust Talent Management pipeline  Implement flexible working hours  Transform working conditions (Zoom) to reduce face to face interaction.  Implement new structure in line with strategic plan 2022-2025	<ul> <li>Competent staff</li> <li>Stable working business environment</li> <li>Improved staff capability</li> <li>Adaptability to technological innovation.</li> <li>Policy appreciation consistency</li> <li>Improved teamwork</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Lack of appreciation of online working and technological tools</li> <li>Lack of funding</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Ensure timely and adequate funding.</li> <li>Initiate recruitment process to fill critical mission skills</li> <li>Develop staff skills internally and externally</li> <li>Coaching and Mentorship</li> </ul>
	Implement holistic drive of Recruitment and Selection initiatives	<ul><li>Reduced skills gap</li><li>Right calibre in the right place</li><li>Reduce staff turnover</li></ul>	The long turnaround time to recruit.	The reduced turnaround time to recruit
	Implement Change Management  Clarify roles and responsibilities of Executive Team in driving strategic change	Adoption of the Zimsec strategic plan 2022-2025	COVID 19 environment at the workplace creation of a new normal	Embrace digital transformation ( Zimsec to go Virtual)

Period	Strategies	Assumptions	Risks	Mitigations	
Programme 1: Governance and Administration					
Outcome 1:lr	mproved Organisational Performance				
	Organise team-building initiatives for the executive team to agree on role clarity	Availability of resources	Delays in     implementation of the     project under new     normal due to poor     resource mobilization		
	Produce internal communique	Constant Information flow from all divisions	Insufficient human resource persons	<ul> <li>Appoint a point person responsible for information compilation from each division</li> </ul>	
	Publish 'Examining the Examiner' newspaper column	Adequate financial resources	Delay to approve and resistance to publish	<ul> <li>Create an editorial team responsible for the content and editing</li> </ul>	
	Produce 'The Assessor' Bulletin for external stakeholders	<ul> <li>Information on goals and strategies (newsworthy) received from all departments</li> </ul>	Lack of financial support/ resources	<ul> <li>Replace out of date activity on budget with the Bulletin</li> </ul>	
	Produce Quarterly Key Performance Indicator Reports	<ul> <li>KPI's measured per quarter departmentally.</li> <li>Achievements, setbacks and failures communicated</li> </ul>	Appraisals are not monitored and done on time.	<ul> <li>Clear communication to all staff on organisational goals and the importance of performance records</li> </ul>	
	Conduct Stakeholder Engagements	<ul> <li>Create a calendar of activities and set dates of engagement with relevant stakeholders</li> </ul>	Availability of all relevant parties	Set calendar dates in advance for all members to diarise	
	Produce end of Activity reports e.g., examinations/ marking (Share the journey)	Reports are written by activity monitors/participants to be filed and compiled.	Report writing by participants of activities	Directorate to insist on reports from those who go out on monitoring and leaders of participants.	
	Convene Bi-Annual Internal stakeholder Engagements (round table communication between the directorate and staff)	Adequate financial and human resources availed to facilitate the meeting	<ul> <li>Lack of agreement on a set time for all employees to be availed</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>All Directorate to participate in engagements</li> </ul>	
	Hold a Trust Building Workshop	Adequate financial resources	Time to gather all staff	<ul> <li>Create teams comprising of members from different grades and departments so that business is not stopped.</li> </ul>	

Period	Strategies	Assumptions	Risks	Mitigations
Programme 1	: Governance and Administration	·		
Outcome 1:In	nproved Organisational Performance			
	Radio/ Television documentary/ programme on ZIMSEC	Adequate financial resources	<ul> <li>Unavailability of key personnel to be interviewed</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Set appointments and schedule recordings at convenient times</li> </ul>
	Conduct 3 action research per year	Availability of resources	<ul> <li>Uncertainty of the current environment due to the Covid 19 Pandemic</li> </ul>	Adopt the virtual approach and online approach in research
	Generate revenue for the council	<ul> <li>Availability of qualified and capable human capital in Research</li> </ul>	High staff turnover	Capacitation and motivation of staff
	Conduct collaborative research with other institutions	Availability of resources	Bureaucracy challenges	<ul> <li>Improved communication structures amongst organisations</li> </ul>
Year 2024	Monitor/ track compliance programme.	•	Lack of awareness of what is missing in the programme and how important those elements are	<ul> <li>Measurement of the regulatory requirements against the controls, including systems and technology, in place</li> <li>Assessment of areas that need the most compliance attention and resources</li> </ul>
	Establish a control environment featuring a set of standards, structures, processes and policies.  A. Update required policies  B. Identify policy gaps and introduce new policies.  C. Introduce standard operating procedures.  Train staff on risk management	<ul> <li>Clarity on the type of control environment that supports both Council's business goals and ethics.</li> <li>Skills needed to design, implement and operate a healthy internal control environment. (Can harness skills from experienced auditors and other professionals)</li> <li>Reinforcement of employees' drive to ethical excellence through appropriate incentives and rewards</li> <li>A strong internal control plan supported by strong</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>People with assigned internal control responsibilities do not have sufficient knowledge, experience, skills, or time to adequately fulfil those responsibilities.</li> <li>Lack of an effective "tone at the top".</li> <li>Lack of focus or accountability by staff for the achievement of assigned internal control objectives.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Coaching and provision of on-the-job training on risk management and internal control.</li> <li>"hands-on" approach in the operation of controls, effective whistle-blowing procedures, and appropriate follow-up on control weaknesses or failures.</li> <li>Management to lead by example</li> <li>Establish a link between the achievement of the organization's internal control objectives and</li> </ul>

Period	Strategies	Assumptions	Risks	Mitigations	
Programme 1: Governance and Administration					
Outcome 1:lm	proved Organisational Performance				
		resources such as a strong auditing team to help with internal auditing preparedness		individual performance objectives.	
	Conduct risk assessments.	•	<ul> <li>Risks not maintained within limits for risk-taking.</li> <li>Controls not designed, implemented, and applied as a response to specific risks, causes and consequences.</li> <li>The balance between risks and related controls continually changing.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Mandate that all strategic and operational decision making be supported by risk management and the subsequent implementation of appropriate controls.</li> <li>For each business cycle, when the strategy is revisited the related risk and control policies should also be reassessed.</li> </ul>	
	Perform risk-mitigating activities.	•	<ul> <li>External developments may affect risk.</li> <li>Too little attention on internal control</li> <li>Too stringent control requirements can paralyse the organisation</li> </ul>	Review internal controls.     The design, plan, execution, and monitoring of internal control must be properly balanced with the effort to plan, execute, and monitor the organizational business plan.	
	Implement an internal communication framework.	•	Internal control principles are not fully understood and incorrectly applied.	<ul> <li>Use of plain language in documenting controls.</li> <li>Integrate controls through formal and informal channels into the elements of the management system in which they are intended to operate.</li> </ul>	
	Conduct evaluations and internal audits.	•	Controls not being cost- effective.	Embedding controls into the normal course of business (more "built-in"	

Period	Strategies	Assumptions	Risks	Mitigations		
Programme 1:	Programme 1: Governance and Administration					
Outcome 1:lm	proved Organisational Performance					
			Poorly designed or implemented controls.	and less "add-on" controls).  Test and optimize controls.		
	Project financial commitments for a period to determine excess funds for the same period.	<ul> <li>Revenue will be generated as budgeted for and candidates pay within the stipulated deadlines</li> </ul>	Unstable money     market rates due to the     unfavourable economic     environment	Invest for short periods for example 7 days, 14days, 21days or 30 days		
	Invest funds on the money market.	<ul> <li>Conducive operating environment resulting in favourable interest rates</li> <li>Approved institutions can raise the preferred security for the Investments and appetite to receive our funds.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Hyperinflation.</li> <li>Lack of capacity and appetite for our funds.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>All investments to be secured.</li> <li>Consider alternative security for our investments.</li> </ul>		
	Timeously reinvest surplus funds on the maturity of the investment.	Readily available financial commitments on the maturity of funds.	Unavailability of financial commitments.	Gathering financial commitments, a week before the maturity of investments.		
	Charge premium fees for goods & services offered within 48hours or shorter.	Demand for Council's goods and services	Machine downtime	Buy new machines to augment the main printing line		
	Accredit foreign examination centres.	Sound bilateral relations	<ul> <li>Covid 19 pandemic</li> <li>Lack of demand for ZIMSEC examinations outside Zimbabwe</li> </ul>	Upskill staff on machine repairs and service		
	Introduce and aggressively market the new Question and Answer booklets.	<ul> <li>Availability of the printing press to meet own targets for Question Paper Printing</li> </ul>	Lack of resources	Introduce online     marketing strategies		
	Engage colleges, universities, regional examination boards etc. for printing services using the Norton printing press during non-peak periods.	<ul> <li>Availability of resources to fund the initiatives including forex for spares parts and contractual obligations for the supplier</li> <li>Appetite from the regional examination boards and local universities for our services</li> </ul>	Lack of appetite for our services	<ul> <li>Offer competitive rates for our services</li> <li>Offer discounts for the first engagements</li> </ul>		

Period	Strategies	Assumptions	Risks	Mitigations
Programme 1:	Governance and Administration			
Outcome 1:lm	proved Organisational Performance			
	Produce and sell examination stationery and chemicals for science practical to centres.  Establish extraterritorial examination centres.	<ul> <li>In house capacity to produce the stationery and chemicals</li> <li>Regional demand for our products</li> <li>Sound bilateral relations</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Lack of capacity and resources</li> <li>Covid 19 pandemic</li> <li>Lack of resources.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Outsource for resale to centres</li> <li>Cover preliminary requirements online.</li> </ul>
	Ensure expenditure incurred is budgeted for.	<ul> <li>Sound bilateral relations</li> <li>Favourable operating environment</li> <li>Availability of Funds</li> </ul>	Inflation rate fluctuation	Buy in bulk
	Buy in bulk to benefit from economies of scale.	<ul><li>Availability of Funds</li><li>Negotiate and lock prices with suppliers</li></ul>	Inadequate storage capacity	Outsource storage facilities
	Negotiate favourable prices from suppliers.	Willingness from suppliers to accept negotiated prices	<ul> <li>Receiving sub-standard goods and services</li> <li>Unwillingness from suppliers to negotiate prices</li> </ul>	Ensure goods received under negotiated prices meet the required standards
	Negotiate a paying period with suppliers for example 30day period or 3 months.	<ul> <li>The flexibility of payment terms from the supplier</li> <li>Conducive operating environment</li> </ul>	Inflationary pressures	Adjust the payment periods in line with prevailing inflation
	Regularly assess the status of all Council buildings	Availability of resources	Inadequate resources	Use of regional office to submit regular reports on the status of the buildings
	Maintain and repair the buildings	Availability of resources	<ul> <li>Lack of in-house capacity to maintain and repair the buildings</li> <li>Inadequate resources</li> </ul>	Outsource the repair and maintenance of buildings
	Renovate, construct/purchase new buildings	Availability of resources	<ul><li>Inadequate resources</li><li>Inflation</li></ul>	Stagger the projects
	Have warehouses at all regional offices and printing press building	Availability of resources	<ul><li>Inadequate resources</li><li>Inflation</li></ul>	Stagger the projects
	Replace obsolete and redundant furniture & equipment	Financial resources are available	Lack of resources	Staggering the purchase of furniture & equipment
	Conduct an employee engagement survey	Improved Morale     Improved communication	Availability of project     Funding	Increase revenue through the selling of '0' and 'A' level study books.

Period	Strategies	Assumptions	Risks	Mitigations
Programme 1:	Governance and Administration		<u> </u>	
Outcome 1:lm	proved Organisational Performance			
	Develop a robust Talent Management pipeline  Implement flexible working hours  Transform working conditions (Zoom) to reduce face to face interaction.  Implement new structure in line with strategic plan 2022-2025	<ul> <li>Competent staff</li> <li>Stable working business environment</li> <li>Improved staff capability</li> <li>Adaptability to technological innovation.</li> <li>Policy appreciation consistency</li> <li>Improved teamwork</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Lack of appreciation of online working and technological tools</li> <li>Lack of funding</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Review of Candidate fees</li> <li>Ensure timely and adequate funding.</li> <li>Initiate recruitment process to fill critical mission skills</li> <li>Develop staff skills internally and externally</li> <li>Coaching and Mentorship</li> </ul>
	Implement holistic drive of Recruitment and Selection initiatives	<ul> <li>Reduced skills gap</li> <li>Right calibre in the right place</li> <li>Reduce staff turnover</li> </ul>	The long turnaround time to recruit.	The reduced turnaround time to recruit
	Implement Change Management  Clarify roles and responsibilities of Executive Team in driving strategic change Organise team-building initiatives for the executive team to agree on role clarity	Adoption of the Zimsec strategic plan 2022-2025	<ul> <li>COVID 19 environment at the workplace creation of a new normal</li> <li>Delays in implementation of the project under new normal due to poor resource mobilization</li> </ul>	Embrace digital transformation ( Zimsec to go Virtual)
	Produce internal communique	Constant Information flow from all divisions	Insufficient human resource persons	Appoint a point person responsible for information compilation from each division
	Publish 'Examining the Examiner' newspaper column	Adequate financial resources	Delay to approve and resistance to publish	Create an editorial team responsible for the content and editing
	Produce 'The Assessor' Bulletin for external stakeholders	<ul> <li>Information on goals and strategies (newsworthy) received from all departments</li> </ul>	Lack of financial support/ resources	Replace out of date     activity on budget with     the Bulletin
	Produce Quarterly Key Performance Indicator Reports	<ul> <li>KPI's measured per quarter departmentally.</li> <li>Achievements, setbacks and failures communicated</li> </ul>	Appraisals are not monitored and done on time.	Clear communication to all staff on organisational

Period	Strategies	Assumptions	Risks	Mitigations
Programme 1	: Governance and Administration			
Outcome 1:Im	proved Organisational Performance			
				goals and the importance of performance records
	Conduct Stakeholder Engagements	<ul> <li>Create a calendar of activities and set dates of engagement with relevant stakeholders</li> </ul>	Availability of all relevant parties	Set calendar dates in advance for all members to diarise
	Produce end of Activity reports e.g., examinations/ marking (Share the journey)	<ul> <li>Reports are written by activity monitors/participants to be filed and compiled.</li> </ul>	Report writing by participants of activities	Directorate to insist on reports from those who go out on monitoring and leaders of participants.
	Convene Bi-Annual Internal stakeholder Engagements (round table communication between the directorate and staff)	Adequate financial and human resources availed to facilitate the meeting	Lack of agreement on a set time for all employees to be availed	All Directorate to participate in engagements
	Hold a Trust Building Workshop	Adequate financial resources	Time to gather all staff	Create teams comprising of members from different grades and departments so that business is not stopped.
	Hold corporate sports day/ golf day	Adequate resources	Unapproval of scheduled dates	Budget and plan in 2023
	Conduct 3 action research per year	Availability of resources	Uncertainty of the current environment due to the Covid 19 Pandemic	Adopt the virtual approach and online approach in research
	Generate revenue for the council	<ul> <li>Availability of qualified and capable human capital in Research</li> </ul>	High staff turnover	Capacitation and motivation of staff
	Conduct collaborative research with other institutions	Availability of resources	Bureaucracy challenges	<ul> <li>Improved communication structures amongst organisations</li> </ul>
Year 2025	Monitor/ track compliance programme.	•	Lack of awareness of what is missing in the programme and how important those elements are	Measurement of the regulatory requirements against the controls, including systems and technology, in place

Period	Strategies	Assumptions	Risks	Mitigations
Programme 1:	Governance and Administration			
Outcome 1:lm	proved Organisational Performance			
				Assessment of areas that need the most compliance attention and resources
	Establish a control environment featuring a set of standards, structures, processes and policies.  A. Update required policies  B. Identify policy gaps and introduce new policies.  C. Introduce standard operating procedures.  Train staff on risk management	<ul> <li>Clarity on the type of control environment that supports both Council's business goals and ethics.</li> <li>Skills needed to design, implement and operate a healthy internal control environment. (Can harness skills from experienced auditors and other professionals)</li> <li>Reinforcement of employees' drive to ethical excellence through appropriate incentives and rewards</li> <li>A strong internal control plan supported by strong resources such as a strong auditing team to help with internal auditing preparedness</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>People with assigned internal control responsibilities do not have sufficient knowledge, experience, skills, or time to adequately fulfil those responsibilities.</li> <li>Lack of an effective "tone at the top".</li> <li>Lack of focus or accountability by staff for the achievement of assigned internal control objectives.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Coaching and provision of on-the-job training on risk management and internal control.</li> <li>"hands-on" approach in the operation of controls, effective whistle-blowing procedures, and appropriate follow-up on control weaknesses or failures.</li> <li>Management to lead by example</li> <li>Establish a link between the achievement of the organization's internal control objectives and individual performance objectives.</li> </ul>
	Conduct risk assessments.	•	<ul> <li>Risks not maintained within limits for risk-taking.</li> <li>Controls not designed, implemented, and applied as a response to specific risks, causes and consequences.</li> <li>The balance between risks and related controls continually changing.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Mandate that all strategic and operational decision making be supported by risk management and the subsequent implementation of appropriate controls.</li> <li>For each business cycle, when the strategy is revisited the related risk and control policies should also be reassessed.</li> </ul>

Period	Strategies	Assumptions	Risks	Mitigations
	Governance and Administration			
Outcome 1:Im	proved Organisational Performance			
	Perform risk-mitigating activities.	•	<ul> <li>External developments may affect risk.</li> <li>Too little attention on internal control</li> <li>Too stringent control requirements can paralyse the organisation</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Review internal controls.</li> <li>The design, plan, execution, and monitoring of internal control must be properly balanced with the effort to plan, execute, and monitor the organizational business plan.</li> </ul>
	Implement an internal communication framework.	•	Internal control principles are not fully understood and incorrectly applied.	<ul> <li>Use of plain language in documenting controls.</li> <li>Integrate controls through formal and informal channels into the elements of the management system in which they are intended to operate.</li> </ul>
	Conduct evaluations and internal audits.	•	<ul> <li>Controls not being cost- effective.</li> <li>Poorly designed or implemented controls.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Embedding controls into the normal course of business (more "built-in" and less "add-on" controls).</li> <li>Test and optimize controls.</li> </ul>
	Project financial commitments for a period to determine excess funds for the same period.	Revenue will be generated as budgeted for and candidates pay within the stipulated deadlines	Unstable money market rates due to the unfavourable economic environment	Invest for short periods for example 7 days, 14days, 21days or 30 days
	Invest funds on the money market.	<ul> <li>Conducive operating environment resulting in favourable interest rates</li> <li>Approved institutions can raise the preferred security for the Investments and appetite to receive our funds.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Hyperinflation.</li> <li>Lack of capacity and appetite for our funds.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>All investments to be secured.</li> <li>Consider alternative security for our investments.</li> </ul>

Period	Strategies	Assumptions	Risks	Mitigations
Programme 1:	Governance and Administration			
Outcome 1:lm	proved Organisational Performance			
	Timeously reinvest surplus funds on the maturity of the investment.	Readily available financial commitments on the maturity of funds.	Unavailability of financial commitments.	<ul> <li>Gathering financial commitments, a week before the maturity of investments.</li> </ul>
	Charge premium fees for goods & services offered within 48hours or shorter.	Demand for Council's goods and services	Machine downtime	Buy new machines to augment the main printing line
	Accredit foreign examination centres.	<ul> <li>Sound bilateral relations</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Covid 19 pandemic</li> <li>Lack of demand for ZIMSEC examinations outside Zimbabwe</li> </ul>	Upskill staff on machine repairs and service
	Introduce and aggressively market the new Question and Answer booklets.	<ul> <li>Availability of the printing press to meet own targets for Question Paper Printing</li> </ul>	Lack of resources	Introduce online marketing strategies
	Engage colleges, universities, regional examination boards etc. for printing services using the Norton printing press during non-peak periods.	<ul> <li>Availability of resources to fund the initiatives including forex for spares parts and contractual obligations for the supplier</li> <li>Appetite from the regional examination boards and local universities for our services</li> </ul>	Lack of appetite for our services	<ul> <li>Offer competitive rates for our services</li> <li>Offer discounts for the first engagements</li> </ul>
	Produce and sell examination stationery and chemicals for science practical to centres.	In house capacity to produce the stationery and chemicals	Lack of capacity and resources	Outsource for resale to centres
	Establish extraterritorial examination centres.	<ul> <li>Regional demand for our products</li> <li>Sound bilateral relations</li> </ul>	<ul><li>Covid 19 pandemic</li><li>Lack of resources.</li></ul>	Cover preliminary requirements online.
	Ensure expenditure incurred is budgeted for.	<ul><li>Favourable operating environment</li><li>Availability of Funds</li></ul>	Inflation rate fluctuation	Buy in bulk
	Buy in bulk to benefit from economies of scale.	<ul><li>Availability of Funds</li><li>Negotiate and lock prices with suppliers</li></ul>	Inadequate storage capacity	Outsource storage facilities
	Negotiate favourable prices from suppliers.	Willingness from suppliers to accept negotiated prices	Receiving sub-standard goods and services	Ensure goods received under negotiated prices meet the required standards

Period	Strategies	Assumptions	Risks	Mitigations
Programme 1	: Governance and Administration			
Outcome 1:lr	nproved Organisational Performance			
			<ul> <li>Unwillingness from suppliers to negotiate prices</li> </ul>	
	Negotiate a paying period with suppliers for example 30day period or 3 months.	<ul> <li>The flexibility of payment terms from the supplier</li> <li>Conducive operating environment</li> </ul>	Inflationary pressures	<ul> <li>Adjust the payment periods in line with prevailing inflation</li> </ul>
	Regularly assess the status of all Council buildings	Availability of resources	Inadequate resources	Use of regional office to submit regular reports on the status of the buildings
	Maintain and repair the buildings	Availability of resources	<ul> <li>Lack of in-house capacity to maintain and repair the buildings</li> <li>Inadequate resources</li> </ul>	Outsource the repair and maintenance of buildings
	Renovate, construct/purchase new buildings	Availability of resources	<ul><li>Inadequate resources</li><li>Inflation</li></ul>	Stagger the projects
	Have warehouses at all regional offices and printing press building	Availability of resources	<ul><li>Inadequate resources</li><li>Inflation</li></ul>	Stagger the projects
	Replace obsolete and redundant furniture & equipment	Financial resources are available	Lack of resources	Staggering the purchase of furniture & equipment
	Replacement plan for furniture and equipment.	<ul><li>Knowledge of what is required</li><li>Updated asset register</li></ul>	Lack of adequate information	Quarterly updates on the status of furniture and equipment
	Conduct an employee engagement survey	<ul><li>Improved Morale</li><li>Improved communication</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Availability of project Funding</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Increase revenue through the selling of '0' and 'A' level study books.</li> <li>Review of Candidate fees</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Develop a robust Talent Management pipeline</li> <li>Implement flexible working hours</li> <li>Transform working conditions (Zoom) to reduce face to face interaction.</li> <li>Implement new structure in line with strategic plan 2022-2025</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Competent staff</li> <li>Stable working business environment</li> <li>Improved staff capability</li> <li>Adaptability to technological innovation.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Lack of appreciation of online working and technological tools</li> <li>Lack of funding</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Ensure timely and adequate funding.</li> <li>Initiate recruitment process to fill critical mission skills</li> <li>Develop staff skills internally and externally</li> </ul>

Period	Strategies	Assumptions	Risks	Mitigations
Programme 1:	Governance and Administration			_
Outcome 1:lm	proved Organisational Performance			
	Implement holistic drive of Recruitment and	<ul> <li>Policy appreciation consistency</li> <li>Improved teamwork</li> <li>Reduced skills gap</li> </ul>	The long turners and	<ul> <li>Coaching and Mentorship</li> <li>The reduced turnaround</li> </ul>
	Selection initiatives	<ul> <li>Reduced skills gap</li> <li>Right calibre in the right place</li> <li>Reduce staff turnover</li> </ul>	The long turnaround time to recruit.	time to recruit
	Implement Change Management  Clarify roles and responsibilities of Executive Team in driving strategic change  Organise team-building initiatives for the executive team to agree on role clarity	Adoption of the Zimsec strategic plan 2022-2025	<ul> <li>COVID 19 environment at the workplace creation of a new normal</li> <li>Delays in implementation of the project under new normal due to poor resource mobilization</li> </ul>	Embrace digital transformation ( Zimsec to go Virtual)
	Produce internal communique	Constant Information flow from all divisions	Insufficient human resource persons	<ul> <li>Appoint a point person responsible for information compilation from each division</li> </ul>
	Produce 'Examining the Examiner' newspaper column	Adequate financial resources	Delay to approve and resistance to publish	<ul> <li>Create an editorial team responsible for the content and editing</li> </ul>
	Produce 'The Assessor' Bulletin for external stakeholders	<ul> <li>Information on goals and strategies (newsworthy) received from all departments</li> </ul>	Lack of financial support/ resources	Replace out of date     activity on budget with     the Bulletin
	Produce Quarterly Key Performance Indicator Reports	<ul> <li>KPI's measured per quarter departmentally.</li> <li>Achievements, setbacks and failures communicated</li> </ul>	Appraisals are not monitored and done on time.	Clear communication to all staff on organisational goals and the importance of performance records
	Conduct Stakeholder Engagements	<ul> <li>Create a calendar of activities and set dates of engagement with relevant stakeholders</li> </ul>	Availability of all relevant parties	Set calendar dates in advance for all members to diarise
	Produce end of Activity reports e.g., examinations/ marking (Share the journey)	Reports are written by activity monitors/participants to be filed and compiled.	Report writing by participants of activities	Directorate to insist on reports from those who go out on monitoring and leaders of participants.

Period	Strategies	Assumptions	Risks	Mitigations
Programme 1:	Governance and Administration			
Outcome 1:lm	proved Organisational Performance			
	Convene Bi-Annual Internal stakeholder Engagements (round table communication between the directorate and staff)	<ul> <li>Adequate financial and human resources availed to facilitate the meeting</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Lack of agreement on a set time for all employees to be availed</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>All Directorate to participate in engagements</li> </ul>
	Hold a Trust Building Workshop	Adequate financial resources	Time to gather all staff	<ul> <li>Create teams comprising of members from different grades and departments so that business is not stopped.</li> </ul>
	Conduct an educational tour for the Media	Activities that will allow for the education of the media on what we do	Disapproval from hosting department	<ul> <li>Invite the media for a luncheon and briefing where they can ask questions after being briefed</li> </ul>
	Conduct 3 action research per year	Availability of resources	Uncertainty of the current environment due to the Covid 19 Pandemic	Adopt the virtual approach and online approach in research
	Generate revenue for the council	<ul> <li>Availability of qualified and capable human capital in Research</li> </ul>	High staff turnover	Capacitation and motivation of staff
	Conduct collaborative research with other institutions	Availability of resources	Bureaucracy challenges	<ul> <li>Improved communication structures amongst organisations</li> </ul>

Period	Strategies	Assumptions	Risks	Mitigations
Programme 2:	Candidate Assessment			
Outcome 2: Im	proved Quality Assessment			
Budget Year 2022	Develop valid and reliable test items	<ul> <li>Availability of qualified and committed subject experts</li> <li>Item developers adhering to item development stipulated standards</li> </ul>	Brain-drain of experts in some subject areas.	<ul> <li>Scouting for and renumerating subject experts competitively.</li> <li>Creating a conducive working environment</li> </ul>
	Produce error-free question papers.	Availability of expert subject personnel	The exodus of subject experts to lucrative markets	<ul> <li>Provision of critical and enabling resources in question paper development</li> </ul>
	Develop Test Design, Evaluation, Assessment and Measurement (TDEAM) staff on examination cycle procedures	<ul><li>Availability of funding</li><li>Supportive and committed leadership</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Inadequate knowledge on examination cycle procedures</li> </ul>	Frequency and consistency in training personnel
	Capacitate Printing Press dept. by purchasing state of the art technology.	Availability of qualified and committed Technical experts	Brain-drain of experts.	<ul> <li>Scouting for and remunerating Technical experts competitively.</li> </ul>
	Improve Printing press efficiency and effectiveness by increasing its capacity to deploy and redeploy its resources intelligently.	The use of process standards and machine outputs to measure budgeted staff targets and outputs.	Dispatch of non- compliance products if quality at source is not adhered.	Creating aggressive quality checking measures that are traceable.
	Link Printing press strategies with budgets.	Reduction of printing and operational costs	Printing and packaging exams at a cost	<ul> <li>Purchase materials and consumables after thorough cost benefit analysis.</li> <li>Provision of critical and enabling resources in question paper development.</li> </ul>
	Monitor machine efficiency and Quality at source	<ul> <li>Qualified machine operators.</li> <li>Quality checking inspections: Proof reading before bulk printing and procedures adherence.</li> </ul>	Use of unqualified machine operators.	Recommend Human capital investiment.

Period	Strategies	Assumptions	Risks	Mitigations
Programme 2:	Candidate Assessment			
Outcome 2: Im	proved Quality Assessment			
			<ul> <li>Quality check omissions.</li> <li>Shift change over communication gap.</li> </ul>	
Year 2023	Retain experienced examiners	<ul> <li>Availability of committed and experienced examiners.</li> <li>Availability of funding</li> </ul>	The exodus of disgruntled examiners Negative media reports	<ul> <li>Competitive working conditions.</li> <li>Yearly review of examiner remuneration for various ZIMSEC activities.</li> <li>Payment of examiner allowances timeously.</li> <li>Hold examiner development workshops to ensure the examiners remain relevant to emerging assessment standards</li> </ul>
	Recruit young and computer, literate examiners.	<ul> <li>Senior examiners do not readily embrace change and are also nearing retirement.</li> <li>Senior and experienced examiners can groom new and young examiners.</li> </ul>	An examiner base with more aged examiners	Introducing computer literacy and age limit dimension when recruiting examiners.
	Timeous despatch of Examination materials.	<ul> <li>Making strategy everyone's job at Zimsec</li> <li>Regular update of strategy to account for changing Printing industry conditions.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Machine         downtime         affecting budgeted         delivery or         despatch         timelines.</li> <li>National disasters.         eg Covid pandemic         effects.</li> </ul>	Plan and communicate machine servicing and maintenance calendar to the service provider.
Year 2024	Incorporate software to electronically monitor item bank status	Information services department can train personnel in the use of enabling software in question paper development	Inadequate enabling resources	Funding and training personnel in using enabling technologies
	Increase assessment alternatives for special needs candidates	Special needs candidates can be assessed through alternative papers	Malpractice in accessing	Requests for special needs alternative papers to be

Period	Strategies	Assumptions	Risks	Mitigations
Programme 2	2: Candidate Assessment			
Outcome 2: I	Improved Quality Assessment			
	Re-introduce e-marker	<ul><li>Experienced personnel in</li><li>e-marking</li></ul>	<ul><li>instruments</li><li>Lack of relevant infrastructure</li></ul>	made a year in advance to allow authentication  Construct and equip computer labs for e-marking
	Develop a local version of GradeMaker	Availability of funding	<ul><li>Cyber security challenges</li><li>Lack of relevant infrastructure</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Investment in tight security measures</li> <li>Construct and equip computer labs for</li> <li>GradeMaker</li> </ul>
	Reconciliation of Printed material	<ul> <li>Verify and reconcile all control documents and registers.</li> <li>Track all consumables through the Material consumption book.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Tracking and accountability is lost.</li> <li>Over printing of Question papers may occur.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Proper record keeping of all control documents.</li> <li>Check record of quantity produced before authorising the request.</li> </ul>
	Purchase of A2 machines	Reduce outsourcing costs and control risks	Risk of space management if sorting warehouse not constructed	Construction of sorting warehouse.
Year 2025	Affiliate to Regional and International assessment boards.	<ul> <li>Existence of assessment boards like:         <ul> <li>1. Southern Africa Association for Educational Assessment</li> <li>2. Association for Education assessment in Africa.</li> <li>3. International Association for Education Assessment.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Committed and supportive ZIMSEC leadership</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Prohibitive economic environment.</li> <li>Tarnished organization image by social media.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Partnering with the private sector for funding.</li> <li>Twinning and interfacing with other reputable assessment boards.</li> <li>Fundraising initiatives by the council.</li> </ul>
	Benchmark with other assessment boards to keep abreast with inclusive international assessment standards	<ul> <li>Question paper development personnel can adapt to emerging assessment trends through research and training.</li> <li>Availability of research-oriented personnel.</li> </ul>	Travelling     restrictions	Availing enabling     resources for virtual     participation in     international conferences     on assessment.
	Maintain Accreditation status	Committed and supportive ZIMSEC leadership	Tarnished organizational	Interfacing with other reputable assessment boards.

Period	Strategies	Assumptions	Risks	Mitigations			
Programme 2:	Programme 2: Candidate Assessment						
Outcome 2: Im	Outcome 2: Improved Quality Assessment						
			image through social media	International Standards     Organisation certification			
	Affiliate to Regional and International assessment boards.	<ul> <li>Existence of assessment boards like:         <ul> <li>1. Southern Africa Association for Educational Assessment</li> <li>2. Association for Education assessment in Africa.</li> <li>3. International Association for Education Assessment.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Committed and supportive ZIMSEC leadership</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Prohibitive economic environment.</li> <li>Tarnished organization image by social media.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Partnering with the private sector for funding.</li> <li>Twinning and interfacing with other reputable assessment boards.</li> <li>Fundraising initiatives by the council.</li> </ul>			

Period	Strategies	Assumptions	Risks	Mitigations
_	Candidate Support Services			
Outcome 3: In	creased Client Satisfaction			
Budget Year 2022	Review legislative and regulatory framework relating	Revision of the ZIMSEC Act	<ul> <li>Rejection by legislators</li> <li>Introducing provisions that promote malpractice</li> <li>Red tape in the review process</li> </ul>	• Advocacy
	Provide customised /specialised services to identified vulnerable groups	Adequate funding	<ul> <li>Inaccessibility of targeted groups</li> </ul>	Advocacy
	Decentralise services to district level	Adequate funding for infrastructure	<ul> <li>Inadequate support infrastructure and Resistance</li> </ul>	Applying Government     Policy directives     (Devolution &     Decentralisation)
	Broker and synergies with organisations representing vulnerable groups	Cooperation from interest groups	Inadequate funds	Advocacy and Training
	Establish extraterritorial centres	Enabling legislation and MOUs	<ul><li>Security breaches</li><li>Entry barriers by competitors /interest groups</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Repackaging/customising the product and services</li> <li>Collaboration with the target nation</li> </ul>
	Accredit satellite centres and rehabilitate deregistered centres	Regulatory and legislative reforms	Spatial variations	<ul> <li>Collaborate with the parent Ministry and responsible authorities for rehabilitation initiatives</li> <li>Leverage on existing structures in the mother centres</li> </ul>
	Repackage programming of Examination processes(Registration Data, Timetable)	Support infrastructure at the district level	Data     anomalies/gaps     Internal and     external (MoPSE)     resistance to     streamline the     bouquet of     examinable     subjects	<ul> <li>Enhance Data Integrity         Systems</li> <li>Applying provisions of the         Act</li> </ul>
	Decentralising Examinations system interface facilities to Regional Offices	Budget support	Red tape in     procurement     processes	Implementing procurement plans

Period	Strategies	Assumptions	Risks	Mitigations
Programme 3	Candidate Support Services			
Outcome 3: Ir	creased Client Satisfaction			
			Inadequate     funding for     infrastructure	
	Preservation and protection of the integrity of Client data and exit qualifications(certificates)	Enabling Regulatory Framework	•	•
	Capacity expansion for regional offices.	Budget Support	Internal portfolio control	<ul> <li>Enforcement of the Procurement Plan/Policy by the Accounting officer</li> </ul>
	Rolling out Learner Managed Systems(LMS)	Budget Support	•	•
	Automation of Regulations Services System	•	•	•
Year 2023	Review legislative and regulatory framework relating to examinations	Revision of the ZIMSEC Act	<ul> <li>Rejection by legislators</li> <li>Introducing provisions that promote malpractice</li> <li>Red tape in the review process</li> </ul>	Advocacy
	Provide customised /specialised services to identified vulnerable groups	Adequate funding	<ul> <li>Inaccessibility of targeted groups</li> </ul>	Advocacy
	Decentralise services to district level	Adequate funding for infrastructure	Inadequate     support     infrastructure and     Resistance	<ul> <li>Applying Government         Policy directives         (Devolution &amp;         Decentralisation)     </li> </ul>
	Broker and synergies with organisations representing vulnerable groups	Cooperation from interest groups	Inadequate funds	Advocacy and Training
	Establish extraterritorial centres	Enabling legislation and MOUs	<ul> <li>Security breaches</li> <li>Entry barriers by competitors /interest groups</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Repackaging/customising the product and services</li> <li>Collaboration with the target nation</li> </ul>
	Accredit satellite centres and rehabilitate deregistered centres	Regulatory and legislative reforms	Spatial variations	<ul> <li>Collaborate with the parent Ministry and responsible authorities for rehabilitation initiatives</li> <li>Leverage on existing structures in the mother centres</li> </ul>

Period	Strategies	Assumptions	Risks	Mitigations
Programme 3:	Candidate Support Services			
Outcome 3: In	creased Client Satisfaction			
	Repackage programming of examination processes(Registration Data, Timetable)	Support infrastructure at the district level	Data     anomalies/gaps     Internal and     external (MoPSE)     resistance to     streamline the     bouquet of     examinable     subjects	<ul> <li>Enhance Data Integrity         Systems</li> <li>Applying provisions of the         Act</li> </ul>
	Decentralising Examinations system interface facilities to Regional Offices	Budget support	<ul> <li>Red tape in procurement processes</li> <li>Inadequate funding for infrastructure</li> </ul>	Implementing procurement plans
	Preservation and protection of the integrity of Client data and exit qualifications(certificates)	Enabling Regulatory Framework	•	•
	Capacity expansion for regional offices.	Budget Support	Internal portfolio control	<ul> <li>Enforcement of the Procurement Plan/Policy by the Accounting officer</li> </ul>
	Rolling out Learner Managed Systems(LMS)	Budget Support	•	•
	Automation of Regulations Services System	•	•	•
Year 2024	Review legislative and regulatory framework relating to examinations	Revision of the ZIMSEC Act	<ul> <li>Rejection by legislators</li> <li>Introducing provisions that promote malpractice</li> <li>Red tape in the review process</li> </ul>	• Advocacy
	Provide customised /specialised services to identified vulnerable groups	Adequate funding	<ul> <li>Inaccessibility of targeted groups</li> </ul>	Advocacy
	Decentralise services to district level	Adequate funding for infrastructure	Inadequate     support     infrastructure and     Resistance	<ul> <li>Applying Government         Policy directives         (Devolution &amp;         Decentralisation)     </li> </ul>
	Broker and synergies with organisations representing vulnerable groups	Cooperation from interest groups	Inadequate funds	Advocacy and Training

Period	Strategies	Assumptions	Risks	Mitigations
Programme 3	: Candidate Support Services			
	ncreased Client Satisfaction			
	Establish extraterritorial centres	Enabling legislation and MOUs	<ul> <li>Security breaches</li> <li>Entry barriers by competitors /interest groups</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Repackaging/customising the product and services</li> <li>Collaboration with the target nation</li> </ul>
	Accredit satellite centres and rehabilitate deregistered centres	Regulatory and legislative reforms	Spatial variations	Collaborate with the parent Ministry and responsible authorities for rehabilitation initiatives  • -Leverage on existing structures in the mother centres
	Repackage programming of examination processes(Registration Data, Timetable)	Support infrastructure at the district level	Data     anomalies/gaps     Internal and     external (MoPSE)     resistance to     streamline the     bouquet of     examinable     subjects	<ul> <li>Enhance Data Integrity         Systems</li> <li>Applying provisions of the         Act</li> </ul>
	Decentralising examination system interface facilities to Regional Offices	Budget support	<ul> <li>Red tape in procurement processes</li> <li>Inadequate funding for infrastructure</li> </ul>	Implementing procurement plans
	Preservation and protection of the integrity of Client data and exit qualifications(certificates)	Enabling Regulatory Framework	•	•
	Capacity expansion for regional offices.	Budget Support	Internal portfolio control	<ul> <li>Enforcement of the Procurement Plan/Policy by the Accounting officer</li> </ul>
	Rolling out Learner Managed Systems(LMS)	Budget Support	•	•
	Automation of Regulations Services System	•	•	•
Year 2025	Review legislative and regulatory framework relating to examinations	Revision of the ZIMSEC Act	<ul> <li>Rejection by legislators</li> <li>Introducing provisions that</li> </ul>	Advocacy

Period	Strategies	Assumptions	Risks	Mitigations
Programme 3:	Candidate Support Services			
Outcome 3: In	creased Client Satisfaction			
			promote malpractice Red tape in the review process	
	Provide customised /specialised services to identified vulnerable groups	Adequate funding	<ul> <li>Inaccessibility of targeted groups</li> </ul>	Advocacy
	Decentralise services to district level	Adequate funding for infrastructure	<ul> <li>Inadequate support infrastructure and Resistance</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Applying Government         Policy directives         (Devolution &amp;         Decentralisation)     </li> </ul>
	Broker and synergies with organisations representing vulnerable groups	Cooperation from interest groups	Inadequate funds	Advocacy and Training
	Establish extraterritorial centres	Enabling legislation and MOUs	<ul> <li>Security breaches</li> <li>Entry barriers by competitors /interest groups</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Repackaging/customising the product and services</li> <li>Collaboration with the target nation</li> </ul>
	Accredit satellite centres and rehabilitate deregistered centres	Regulatory and legislative reforms	Spatial variations	Collaborate with the parent Ministry and responsible authorities for rehabilitation initiatives  -Leverage on existing structures in the mother centres
	Repackage programming of examination processes(Registration Data, Timetable)	Support infrastructure at the district level	Data     anomalies/gaps     Internal and     external (MoPSE)     resistance to     streamline the     bouquet of     examinable     subjects	<ul> <li>Enhance Data Integrity         Systems</li> <li>Applying provisions of the         Act</li> </ul>
	Decentralising examination system interface facilities to Regional Offices	Budget support	Red tape in procurement processes	Implementing procurement plans

Period	Strategies	Assumptions	Risks	Mitigations
Programme 3:	Candidate Support Services			
Outcome 3: In	creased Client Satisfaction			
			Inadequate     funding for     infrastructure	
	Preservation and protection of the integrity of Client data and exit qualifications(certificates)	Enabling Regulatory Framework	•	•
	Capacity expansion for regional offices.	Budget Support	Internal portfolio control	<ul> <li>Enforcement of the Procurement Plan/Policy by the Accounting officer</li> </ul>
	Rolling out Learner Managed Systems(LMS)	Budget Support	•	•
	Automation of Regulations Services System	•	•	•

### SECTION B: PERFORMANCE FRAMEWORK FOR ZIMSEC

## 18. Programme Performance Framework

#### a. Outcome Performance Framework

			Measure	Do.	seline				TARGE	TS			
Ref	Outcome	KPI:	ment	Ваз	seline	202	22	20	23	20	024	202	25
	Description		Criterion	Year	Value	Т	ALV	Т	ALV	Т	ALV	Т	ALV
1	Improved	Compliance to PECOGA	%	2021	40%	60%	±10%	80%	±10%	90%	±10%	100%	0%
	Organisation	Control environment in place	%	2021	50%	60%	±10%	70%	±10%	80%	±10%	90%	±10%
	al	Revenue generated from	%	2021	0.019	0.098	7%	0.9%	±6%	2%	±6%	2.5%	±5%
	Performance	investments			%								
		Contribution from new revenue	%	2021	0.0021	0.009%	±10%	0.05%	±9%	1.6%	±8%	2%	±8%
		streams			%								
		Cost: Income	%	2021	80%	85%	±5%	90%	±10%	90%	±10%	95%	±5%
		Buildings fit for purpose (retrofit)	%	2021	40%	55%	±7%	60%	±8%	65%	±9%	75%	±10%
		Equipment availability	%	2021	55%	60%	8%	70%	±8%	80%	±9%	90%	±10%
		Staff engagement level	%	2021	4%	10%	±1.5%	15%	±2%	20%	±2.2%	23%	±1%
		Skills competency level	%	2021	80%	85%	±4%	90%	±3%	95%	±2%	98%	±2%
		Employee retention	%	2021	95%	96%	±1%	97%	±1%	98%	±1%	99%	±1%
		Internally completed research Activities	Number	2021	5	5	0	5	±1	5	±1	5	±1
		Innovation Return on Investment	%	2021	20%	35%	±5%	40%	±5%	60%	±5%	80%	±5%
		Innovation success rate.	%	2021	55%	60%	±5%	70%	±5%	80%	±5%	90%	±5%
		Collaborative research	Number	2021	2	3	±1	2	±1	3	±1	3	±1
		Stakeholder Satisfaction Index	Time	2021	5 days	3 days	±1 day	1 day	±1 day	onlin	±1 day	online	6
		(Turnaround time)								е			hour s
		Stakeholder engagements (% adherence to engagement plan or Number of Corporate engagements)	Number	2021	3	5	±1	5	±1	5	±1	5	±1
		·	Number	2021	6	9	±2	9	±2	10	±2	10	±2

			Measure	Pag	seline				TARGE	TS			
Ref	Outcome	KPI:	ment	Dds	seime	202	22	20	23	20	024	202	25
	Description		Criterion	Year	Value	Т	ALV	T	ALV	Т	ALV	Т	ALV
2	Improved Quality	Examination cycles successfully completed		2021	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0
	Assessment	Candidates writing ZIMSEC vs the total number of candidates writing.	%	2021	70%	75%	±30%	80%	±20%	85%	±15%	85%	±15%
		Increased exam cycles covered by bank.	Number	2021	3	3	0	3	0	3	0	3	0
		Adherence to standards question paper development procedures.	%	2021	100%	100%	0	100%	0	100%	0	100%	0
		Error free question papers	Number	2021	95%	100%	±5%	100%	±5%	100%	±5%	100%	±5%
		Upskilling of Test Design, Educational, Assessment and Measurement staff in Continuous Assessment	%	2021	80%	100%	±20%	100%	±20%	100%	±20%	100%	±20%
		Assessment alternatives for special needs candidates	Number	2021	3	4	±3	6	±2	6	±2	6	±2
3	Increased	Inclusion of vulnerable groups.	%	2021	25%	35%	±6%	50%	±7%	65%	±7%	75%	±8%
	Client	Client satisfaction	%	2021	40%	50%	±6%	65%	±7%	70%	±8%	80%	±7%
	Satisfaction	Examination Centre geographic coverage (New examinations Centres)	Number	2021	45%	60%	±5%	55%	±6%	65%	±8%	70%	±6%
		Services digitalised/automated	Number	2021	1	2	±1	3	±1	4	±2	5	±2

T = Target; ALV = Allowable Variance

# b. Outputs Performance Framework

			Pa	seline		Previous Yea	r	Current	Year			Targe	ts		
No. & Prog.	Outputs	4-year	Dd	seime		2021		202	2	20	23	202	24	20	25
Code	Outputs	target	Valu e	Year	Т	А	AV	Т	ALV	Т	ALV	Т	ALV	Т	ALV
Programme 1 Administration	: Governance and														
OUC 1:Impro	ved Organisational F	Performance													
OP 1.1	Compliance Program in place	4	0	2021	-	-	-	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0
OP 1.2	Compliance Report produced	4	0	2021	-	-	-	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0
OP 1.3	Updated policies	27	2	2021	-	-	-	12	2	15	3	0	0	0	0
OP 1.4	New policies introduced.	23	5	2021	-	-	-	10	2	13	3	0	0	0	0
OP 1.5	SOPs introduced.	25	0	2021	-	-	-	10	2	15	3	0	0	0	0
OP 1.6	Staff trained on risk management .	100%	-	2021	-	-	-	100%	±10%	100%	±10%	100%	±10%	100%	±10%
OP 1.7	Risk assessments conducted.	4	1	2021	-	-	-	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0
OP 1.8	Communication framework in place Internal audits	80		2021	100	- 15	±10	1 20	0 ±10%	1 100%	0 ±10%	1 100%	0 ±10%	1 100%	0 ±10%
OF 1.5	conducted	80		2021	%	13	%	20	110/0	10070	110/0	10070	110/0	100%	110/0

			Pa	seline		Previous Yea	ır	Current	Year			Target	ts		
No. & Prog.	Outputs	4-year	Dd	seime		2021		202	2	2023 T ALV		202	24	20	25
Code	Outputs	target	Valu e	Year	Т	А	AV	Т	ALV	Т	ALV	Т	ALV	Т	ALV
OP 1.10	Ongoing evaluations conducted	4	1	2021	-	-	-	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0
OP 1.11	Investment Register indicating interest earned	5%	0.01 9%	2021	-	-	-	7%		0.9%	±6%	2%	±6%	2.5%	±5%
OP 1.12	Amount of funds reinvested	27.9billion		2021	-	-	-	\$6billion	±5%	6.6billi on	±5%	\$7.3bill ion	±5%	\$8bill ion	±5%
OP 1.13	Sales Report produced	16	0.00 21%	2021	-	-	-	4	0	4	0	4	0	4	0
OP 1.14	College, university engaged	4		2021	-	-	-	1		1	0	1	0	1	0
OP 1.15	Quantities of stationery and chemicals sold	1,5million		2021	-	-	-	200,000	±10%	300,00	+10%	450,00 0	10	550,0 0	10
OP 1.20	Aged Creditor Statements produced	95%	80%	2021	-	-	-	85%	5%	90%	±10%	90%	±10%	95%	±5%
OP 1.21	Contracts negotiated	80		2021	-	-	-	80	10%	80	10%	80	10%	80	10%
OP 1.22	Chief Examiner reports produced	106	40%	2021	-	-	-	106	±10%	106	±10%	106	±10%	106	±10%

			Pa	seline		Previous Yea	ır	Current	Year			Target	ts		
No. & Prog.	Outputs	4-year	Dd	seime		2021		202	2	20	23	202	24	20	25
Code	Outputs	target	Valu e	Year	Т	A	AV	Т	ALV	Т	ALV	Т	ALV	Т	ALV
OP 1.23	Good looking	8	2	2021											
	buildings				-	1	-	2	0	2	1	2	1	2	1
	maintained														
OP 1.24	New buildings	3	1	2021											
	built or in				-	-	-	2	1	2	1	3	1	3	1
	progress														
OP 1.25	New furniture	90%	55%	2021	-		-								
	and equipment					55%		60%	±8%	60%	±8%	70%	±8%	90%	±9%
	acquired														
OP 1.26	Replacement	1		2021	-		-	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0
	plan in place								J		Ŭ.	_	ŭ	_	
OP 1.27	Staff motivation	25%	5%	2021	-	5%	-	10%	±2%	15%	±2%	20%	±2%	25%	±2%
	increased							1070		1370		2070		2370	
OP 1.28	Productive Staff	100%	60%	2021	-	60%	-	70%	±5%	80%	±5%	90%	±5%	100%	±5%
OP 1.29	Highly	100%	80%	2021	-	80%	-	85%	±4%	90%	±4%	95%	±4%	100%	±4%
	competent staff							63%	±470	90%	±4 <i>7</i> 0	95%	±470	100%	±470
OP 1.30	Staff morale	100%	60%	2021	-	60%	-	70%	±5%	80%	±5%	90%	±5%	100%	±5%
	improved							7070	±376	8076	1370	3076	T376	100%	±370
OP 1.31	Skills gap	100%	80%	2021	-	80%	-	85%	±5%	90%	±5%	95%	±5%	100%	±5%
	reduced							03/0	1370	2070	10/0	JJ/0	1370	100/0	1370
OP 1.32	Recruitment	100%	60%	2021	-		-								
	efficiency and					60%		70%	±5%	80%	±5%	90%	±5%	100%	±5%
	effectiveness					00/0		7070	±3/0	0070	±5/0	50/0	-5/0	10070	±370
	increased														

			Pa	seline		Previous Yea	ır	Current	Year			Targe	ts		
No. & Prog.	Outputs	4-year	Dd	seime		2021		202	2	20	23	202	24	20	25
Code	Outputs	target	Valu e	Year	Т	A	AV	Т	ALV	Т	ALV	Т	ALV	Т	ALV
OP 1.33	Teamwork improved	90%	70%	2021	-	70%	-	75%	±2%	80%	±2%	85%	±2%	90%	±2%
OP 1.34	Internal communique produced	16	4	2021	-	4	-	4	±1	4	± 4	4	±1	4	± 4
OP 1.35	Newspaper column published	36	0	2021	-	0	-	6	±2	6	± 2	12	±2	12	±2
OP 1.36	Bulletin produced	12	0	2021	-	0	-	3	±1	3	±1	3	±1	3	±1
OP 1.37	KPI Reports produced	12	0	2021	-	0	-	3	±1	3	± 1	3	±1	3	±1
OP 1.38	Engagements held	60	4	2021	-	4	-	10	±2	15	±2	15	±2	20	± 2
OP 1.39	Reports produced	18	0	2021	-	0	-	4	±2	4	±2	4	±2	6	±1
OP 1.40	Meetings conducted	8	0	2021	-	0	-	2	±1	2	±1	2	±1	2	±1
OP 1.41	Workshop conducted	4	0	2021	-	0	-	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	±1
OP 1.42	Tour conducted	3	0	2021	-	0	-	1	0	1	0	-	-	1	± 1
OP 1.43	Function held	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	0		
OP 1.44	Comprehensive research reports produced	12	2	2021	-	2	-	3	±1	3	±5%	3	±5%	3	±5%

			Po	seline		Previous Yea	ir	Current	Year			Targe	ts		
No. & Prog.	Outputs	4-year	Ва	seime		2021		202	2	20	)23	202	24	20	)25
Code	Outputs	target	Valu e	Year	Т	А	AV	Т	ALV	Т	ALV	Т	ALV	Т	ALV
OP 1.45	Revenue generated	75%	45%	2021	-	45%	-	65%	±5%	60%	±5%	70%	±5%	75%	±5%
OP 1.46	Collaborative research conducted	8	1	2021	-	1	-	2	±10%	2	±10%	2	±10%	2	±10%
Programme 2	2: Candidate Assessr	nent													
OUC 2 Impro	ved Quality Assessm	nent						-							
OP 2.1	Item bank with valid and reliable test items	12	2	2021	-	2	-	3	±1	3	±1	3	±1	3	±1
OP 2.2	Error free question papers	100%	2	2021	-	2	-	100%	±5%	100%	±5%	100%	±5%	100%	±5%
OP 2.3	Personnel well versed in examination cycle procedures	100%	2	2021	-		-	100%	±5%	100%	±5%	100%	±5%	100%	±5%
OP 2.4	Examiner turnover reduced.	ТВА		2021	-		-			11 385 O & A level examin ers	±100	-	-	-	-
OP 2.5				2021	-		-			4126 Grade 7		-	-	-	-

			Par	seline		Previous Yea	r	Current	Year			Targe	ts		
No. & Prog.	Outputs	4-year	Dd	seime		2021		202	2	20	23	202	24	20	25
Code	Outputs	target	Valu e	Year	Т	А	AV	Т	ALV	Т	ALV	Т	ALV	Т	ALV
										examin					
										ers					
	New examiners	200		2021	-		-			200					
	below 40years of									new					
	Age									examin					
										ers					
OP 2.6										below	±200	-	-	-	-
										40					
										years					
										and					
										below.					
	Number of	12		2021	-		-								
	examination														
OP 2.7	cycles per							3	0	3	0			3	0
	subject covered							_			-	3	0		
	by the items in														
	the Item bank														
	Alternative	1		2021	-		-								
OP 2.8	special needs									1	0				
J. 2.0	Assessment									_					
	methods														
OP 2.9	Well-resourced	1		2021	-		-	-	-	_	_	1	±1	-	-
0. 2.5	computer labs														
OP 2.10	Localized Item	1		2021	-		-	-	_	_	_	1	±1	_	_
J. 2.10	Bank														

			Bac	Baseline Previous Year 2021			ır	Current	Year			Target	ts		
No. & Prog.	Outputs	4-year	Da	seilile		2021		202	2	20	23	202	24	20	)25
Code	Outputs	target	Valu e	Year	Т	А	AV	Т	ALV	Т	ALV	Т	ALV	Т	ALV
	Membership	3		2021	-		-							3	0
	certificates -														
OP 2.11	Memorandums							-	-	-	-	-	-		
	of understanding														
	in place														
	Rotational	3		2021										3	±1
	participation and														
	exposure of														
OP 2.12	personnel in				-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
	international														
	assessment														
	conferences														
OP 2.13	Full	1		2021	_			_	_	_			_	1	0
OF 2.13	accreditation				_			-	_	_	_	_	_	1	
OP 2.14	GD printing	4	4	2021											
	Machines					4		4	4	-	-	-	-	-	-
	purchased														
OP 2.15	Quality	2%	20%	2021											
	Complaints on														
	printing and					20%		2%	±1.5	2%	11 50/	2%	±1.5	2%	±1.5
	despatching of					20%		۷%	%	2%	±1.5%	2%	%	۷%	%
	question papers														
	resolved														

			Baseline Previous Year 2021			Current	: Year			Targe	ts				
No. & Prog.	Outputs	4-year	Ba	seime		2021		202	.2	20	)23	202	24	20	)25
Code	Outputs	target	Valu e	Year	Т	А	AV	Т	ALV	Т	ALV	Т	ALV	Т	ALV
OP 2.16	Printing with budgeted materials	3%	5% add ed on actu al figur es	2021		5% added on actual figures		3%	±2%	3%	±2%	3%	±2%	3%	±2%
OP 2.17	Recruitment of Electrical and Mechanical Technicians,	2	2	2021				2	0	-	0	-	0	-	0
OP 2.18	Reduced unit cost of service and reduced operating costs.	10%	-	2021				10%	±5%	20%	±5%	25%	±5%	30	±5%
OP 2.19	Reduced customer complaints		100	2021		100	-	80%	±5%	60%	±5%	40%	±5%	20%	±5%
Programme 3	3: Client Support Ser	vices													
OUC 3:Increa	sed Client Satisfacti	on													
OP 3.1	Enabling regulatory and legislative instruments	95%	60	2021	-	60	-	70%	±5%	80%	±5%	90%	±5%	95%	±5%

			Pa	seline		Previous Yea	ar	Current	Year			Targe	ts		
No. & Prog.	Outputs	4-year	Dd	seime		2021		202	2	20	)23	20:	24	20	25
Code	Outputs	target	Valu e	Year	Т	А	AV	Т	ALV	Т	ALV	Т	ALV	Т	ALV
OP 3.2	New services in	195	20	2021	-	20	-	30	±5	45	±5	55	±5	65	±5
	place-Braille														
	results slips and														
	Certificates														
	Candidates							45	±5	35	±5	15	±5	2	±0
	without Births														
	Certificates with														
	special														
	registration														
	profiles to access														
	examinations.														
OP 3.3	District satellite	175	16	2021	-	16	-	30	±2	40	±2	45	±2	60	±2
	Centres in place														
OP 3.4	Collaborations	98	70	2021	-	70	-	90	±2	95	±2	95	±2	98	±2
OP 3.5	Examination	60	0	2021	-	0	-	20	±1	35	±1	45	±1	60	±1
	centres in 2														
	neighbouring														
	countries														
OP 3.6	Accredited	55	0.01	2021	-	0.01	-	10	±5	25	±5	40	±5	55	±5
	satellite centres														
OP 3.7	Registration data	80	45	2021	-	45	-	55	±5	65	±5	75	±5	80	±5
	on the year														
	preceding the														
	exams														
	Forecast Grades	90	0		-	0	-	50	±3	60	±3	75	±3	90	±3

			Bac	Baseline Previous Year 2021				Current	Year			Target	ts		
No. & Prog.	Outputs	4-year	Da	Seillie		2021		202	2	20	23	202	24	20	25
Code	Outputs	target	Valu e	Year	Т	А	AV	Т	ALV	Т	ALV	Т	ALV	Т	ALV
	Reduced	90	40		-	40	-	60	±5	70	±5	80	±5	90	±5
	Examination														
	writing														
	period(reduce														
	exam-related														
	cognitive strain														
	Mutually		70		-	70	-	85	±5	90	±5	95	±5	99	±5
	exclusive														
	/disbanded														
	same content														
	components														
	Internationally														
	recognised														
	certificates														
	Production of	95	50	2021	-	50	-	60	±3	70	±3	85	±3	95	±3
	replica														
	Examination														
	Certificates for														
	replacements														
OP 3.8	Real-time access	86	40	2021	-	40	-	55	±5	65	±5	75	±5	86	±5
	to registration														
	points and data														
	for amendments														
					l										

			Do.	seline		Previous Yea	ar	Current	t Year			Targe	ts		
No. & Prog.	Outputs	4-year	Ва	seime		2021		202	22	20	023	20	24	20	)25
Code	Outputs	target	Valu e	Year	Т	А	AV	Т	ALV	Т	ALV	Т	ALV	Т	ALV
	Early start for Question Paper Printing	97	40			40		60	±5	70	±5	85	±5	97	±5
	Early production of Certificates.	97	30			30		50	±5	65	±5	80	±5	97	±5
OP 3.9	Document Management System in place (Microsoft SharePoint Services)	70	0	2021		0		20	±2	35	±2	50	±2	70	±2
	Archiving tools for historical documents	65	10			10		20	±5	40	±5	55	±5	65	±5
	Uncollected certificates mopped up and secured from all centres	50	0			0		17	±7	25	±7	40	±7	50	±7
	Accurate data in results and certificates														
	Secure duplicate certificates	50	0			0		15	±8	25	±8	35	±8	50	±8

			Bar	seline		Previous Yea	ır	Current	Year			Targe	ts		
No. & Prog.	Outputs	4-year	Da	Seillie		2021		202	2	20	23	202	24	20	25
Code	Outputs	target	Valu e	Year	Т	A	AV	Т	ALV	Т	ALV	Т	ALV	Т	ALV
	issued real-time														
	upon request														
OP 3.10	Web based	50	0	2021		0	-	10	±10	15	±10	35	±10	50	±10
	client services														
	for Examination														
	Centres in place														
OP 3.11	Learner	75	20	2021	-	20	-	35	±9	45	±9	60	±9	75	±9
	managed														
	systems(LMS)														
	Interface with														
	DCMV in place														
OP 3.12	Electronic	45	0	2021	-	0	-			20	±9	30	±8	45	<u>+</u> 9
	Regulations														
	Services System														
	in place														

T = Target A = Actual AV = Actual Variance

ALV = Allowable Variance

# 19. Programme Budget

Programme		Programme Outputs	Budget Last Year	Budget Current Year	Budget Year 1	Budget Year 2	Budget Year 3	Budget Year 4	Budget Year 5
Commence	D'-I	Bid Basistan							
Governance and Administration	Risk Management	Risk Registers							
Administration	_	Trained Staff	57,178,739.32	504,678,146.66	504,678,146.66	605,613,775.99	666,175,153.59	732,792,668.95	806,071,935.85
	Realignment of Legislative Framework	Realigned ZIMSEC Act							
	Monitoring and Evaluation	Monitoring and Evaluation Reports	372,331,875.00	396,054,000.00	396,054,000.00	475,264,800.00	522,791,280.00	575,070,408.00	632,577,448.80
	Diversifying Revenue Streams	New Revenue Streams	6,405,000.00	49,858,000.00	49,858,000.00	59,829,600.00	65,812,560.00	72,393,816.00	79,633,197.60
	Infrastructure Development and Equipment	i)Refurbished Infrastructure and, ii) Procured equipment	45,444,291.50	339,325,552.94	339,325,552.94	407,190,663.53	447,909,729.88	492,700,702.87	541,970,773.15
	Human Capital Development, Salaries and Benefits	i)Trained Staff, ii) low staff turnover	885,906,476.00	5,462,929,365.40	5,462,929,365.40	6,555,515,238.48	7,211,066,762.33	7,932,173,438.56	8,725,390,782.42
	Attainment of ISO Certification	ISO Certified Processes i)Engagement Workshops ii)Survey Reports	2,125,000.00	97,500,000.00	97,500,000.00	117,000,000.00	128,700,000.00	141,570,000.00	155,727,000.00
	Stakeholder		11,380,625.92	77,150,000.00	77,150,000.00	92,580,000.00	101,838,000.00	112,021,800.00	123,223,980.00
Total Programme Bu	Engagement		1,380,772,007.73	6,927,495,065.00	6,927,495,065.00	8,312,994,078.00	9,144,293,485.80	10,058,722,834.38	11,064,595,117.81
Candidate Assessment	Training of Examiners	Trained Markers and Setters Number of	8,691,250.00	285,350,000.00	285,350,000.00	342,420,000.00	376,662,000.00	414,328,200.00	455,761,020.00
		Items							

Pa	aper G	Sessions at Grade 7, OLevel and Alevel	18,275,000.00	2,317,767,205.86	2,317,767,205.86	2,781,320,647.03	3,059,452,711.73	3,365,397,982.90	3,701,937,781.19
Pi	rinting i) C P ii E N ii S P iv	Printed Question Papers, Printed Examination Materials, Printed Examers Papers, Papers, Patructions, Printed Examination Examination Examination Examination	1,347,101,187.10	4,198,376,315.38	4,198,376,315.38	5,038,051,578.46	5,541,856,736.31	6,096,042,409.94	6,705,646,650.93
ot Ex	f D xamination C	Question Papers Delivered to Cluster Centres	372,331,875.00	3,878,525,700.00	3,878,525,700.00	4,654,230,840.00	5,119,653,924.00	5,631,619,316.40	6,194,781,248.04
N	E	Monitoring and Evaluation Reports	363,640,625.00	1,943,451,679.00	1,943,451,679.00	1,989,722,014.80	1,812,032,216.28	1,578,907,237.91	1,281,036,941.70
So	cript ii Management S ii S ii o	Collection of cripts Distribution of cripts Scripts Scripts Cripts Cripts V)Destruction of Scripts	51,651,968.09	285,349,999.80	285,349,999.80	342,419,999.76	376,661,999.74	414,328,199.71	455,761,019.68
N	Aarking and S Aarks ii rocessing A ii n	Marked icripts, i)Scanned OMR Answer Sheets, ii)Captured narks and v)Grade Card	1,241,213,887.05	7,442,026,658.26	7,442,026,658.26	8,930,431,989.92	9,823,475,188.91	10,805,822,707.80	11,886,404,978.58
		Completed Coftware	282,996,758.18	634,851,981.00	634,851,981.00	761,822,377.20	838,004,614.92	921,805,076.41	1,013,985,584.05

	Examinations Software	Development Assignments							
	Development	Benchmarking	850,000.00	52,570,000.00	52,570,000.00	63,084,000.00	69,392,400.00	76,331,640.00	83,964,804.00
	Benchmarking	meetings	030,000.00	32,370,000.00	32,370,000.00	03,004,000.00	05,352,400.00	70,331,040.00	03,304,004.00
	and	meetings							
	Accreditation								
	with other								
	Boards								
		i)Completed							
	Infrastructure	Capital Projects,							
	Development	ii)Procured	504,855,630.00	5,230,122,750.00	5,230,122,750.00	6,276,147,300.00	6,903,762,030.00	7,594,138,233.00	8,353,552,056.30
	and .	Capital							
	Equipment	Equipment							
Total Programme Bu	dget		4,182,916,930.42	25,983,042,289.30	25,983,042,289.30	30,837,230,747.16	33,544,291,821.88	36,484,392,804.07	39,677,071,064.47
	Training of	Trained		834,450,671.60	834,450,671.60				
	Monitors	Monitors							
	Cluster	Cluster							
	Managers and	Managers and		189,339,287.50	189,339,287.50	227,207,145.00	249,927,859.50	274,920,645.45	302,412,710.00
	Examination	Examination							
	Committees	Committees							
	Stakeholder	i)Engagement		834,450,671.60	834,450,671.60	1,001,340,805.92	1,101,474,886.51	1,211,622,375.16	1,332,784,612.68
	Engagement	Workshops							
		ii)Survey							
	Decentralisati	Reports Number of							
	on of Service	Processes							
	Delivery	decentralised							
Total Programme Bu		accentration of		1,858,240,630.70	1,858,240,630.70	1,228,547,950.92	1,351,402,746.01	1,486,543,020.61	1,635,197,322.67
TOTAL MDA BUDGET	•		5,563,688,938.15	34,768,777,985.00	34,768,777,985.00	40,378,772,776.08	44,039,988,053.69	48,029,658,659.05	52,376,863,504.96

## 20. Human Resources for the Strategic Period.

No.	Category	Programme 1	Programme 2	Programme 3	Divisional Total Personnel Requirements by Category
1	Top Management	9	9	9	9
2	Middle Management	55	55	55	55
3	Supervisory Management	24	24	24	24
4	Operational and Support staff	234	234	234	254
5	Total	322	322	322	342

### 21. Other Resources

## I. Materials, Equipment and ICTs

Materials/	2021		2022		2023		2024		2025	
Equipment /ICT	Quantity	Cost	Quantity	Cost	Quantity	Cost	Quantity	Cost	Quantity	Cost
Motor Vehicle	5	510000	8	720000	10	660 000	8	56000	6	420000
Laptops	72	86400	31	40300	10	14000	20	28000	17	28000

## II. Space Requirements

Location	2021		2022		2023		2024		2025	
	Quantity (m²)	Cost	Quantity (m <sup>2</sup> )	Cost	Quantity (m²)	Cost	Quantity (m <sup>2</sup> )	Cost	Quantity (m²)	Cost
Sorting Warehouse	-				2,160	USD400,000				
Lupane	-					-	679	USD1.4million		
Gwanda	-	-	679	-		USD1.4million				